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CLASH BETWEEN GERMANY AND AMERICA FOLLOWING THE MOVE IN ICELAND BY ROOSEVELT POSSIBLE TOKYO DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES BELIEVE

Landing Of U.S. War Materials At Vladivostock Likely To Bring War To East Asia

TOKYO, July 8 (REUTERS)—POSSIBILITIES OF AN ARMED CLASH BETWEEN GERMANY AND THE UNITED STATES HAVE SUDDENLY MOUNTED WITH THE DESPATCH OF UNITED STATES NAVAL FORCES TO ICELAND TO REPLACE THE BRITISH FORCES THERE, DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES HERE BELIEVE, ACCORDING TO THE DOMEI AGENCY.

Pointing out that the United States has entered the war zone between Germany and Great Britain by taking such an action, the same quarters believe the United States has been prepared against German attack, and add that keen interest attaches to Germany's attitude toward the new move by the United States which will be possibly followed by another despatch of United States naval forces to the Azores and the occupation of Dakar.

A big stride towards the war by President Roosevelt was how an Army spokesman described the United States' occupation of Iceland, at a Japanese Press conference in Shanghai.

JAPAN WILL ATTACK RUSSIA

CHUNGKING, July 8 (Reuters)—The appointment of LIEUT.-GEN. HAGA as Commander of the Korean Garrison was interpreted here as an indication that Japan has decided to attack Russia.

The SAOTANGPAO, the Army paper, says Japan will move as soon as troop concentrations are completed, adding that Japan's talk of the move in the Southern Pacific is merely a "smokescreen."

EMBEZZLEMENT OF \$10 THOUSAND ALLEGED

A warrant for the arrest of Li Sze-ho, alias Li Chung-ying, wanted for the alleged embezzlement of \$10,000, the property of the Kai Hing Chong Import and Export Firm No. 57, Connaught Road West, first floor, on May 13, has been issued by the Police.

Aged 24, Li is described as of medium height and build, hair brushed back and parted on the right side. He speaks Chiu Chau and Puntl dialects.

A reward of \$500, which is valid for 12 months from June 11, will be paid to any person giving information leading to the arrest and conviction of the wanted man.

He said the action was of comparable importance to Japan in sending armed forces to the N.E.I. which Japan has no intention of so doing.

Asked whether the assurances that Japan does not intend sending troops to the N.E.I. could also be applied to southern French Indo-China and Thailand, the spokesman countered by asserting that just as the United States had not announced of sending naval forces to Iceland so Japan also was unable to give assurances regarding future actions.

Answering another question, the spokesman said the landing of American war materials at Vladivostock was likely to bring war to East Asia.

SOME TIME YET

A Foreign Office spokesman said in London yesterday that British troops would not leave Iceland until the American occupation was completed and this may not be for some time yet.

After the occupation by U.S. forces, Iceland would still be available to Britain as a naval base.

The move made by President Roosevelt is hailed on both sides of the Atlantic.

Mr. Wendell Willkie remarked that the occupation was necessary.

The MANCHESTER GUARDIAN says that the President has taken a step of enormous and, perhaps, decisive consequences.

Cont'd Page 7, Col. 5

SEES WAR IN PACIFIC

"American aid to other countries is a menace and we must prepare ourselves for a conflict in the Pacific," declared ADMIRAL MYEDA, speaking in Tokyo yesterday.

Admiral Myeda added that this new configuration would soon sweep the entire Pacific.

HONGKONG HOTEL TRAGEDY

WINDOW CLEANER KILLED

The Hongkong Hotel was the scene of a fatal accident yesterday afternoon, when a window cleaner fell to his death from the fourth floor, while in the performance of his duty.

Deceased was Tse Chung, 57. His body was found lying on the roof of the bar room of the Hotel about 4 p.m. The last time he was seen alive was when he was cleaning a window on the fourth floor, about 40 feet from the roof.

There was no eye-witness to the incident, except that many in the bar room about that time heard a heavy thud in the direction of the roof.

CHINESE SCROLL FOR PREMIER

SHANGHAI, July 8 (Reuters)—A scroll carrying a message of appreciation to Mr. Winston Churchill signed by 100,000 Chinese in Shanghai from all walks of life has been handed to Mr. H. J. Collier, Chairman of the British Residents' Association, for transmission to London.

Japanese Merchant Shipping To Concentrate In Pacific: Shortage Of Vessels

TOKYO, July 8 (Reuters)—JAPANESE MERCHANT SHIPPING HAVE BEEN ORDERED TO CONCENTRATE IN THE PACIFIC.

This was announced by the Japanese Information Board whose deputy spokesman told newspapermen that the measure was taken because of shortage of vessels and for "economic considerations."

The spokesman, Mr. Koh Ishii, added: "Japanese shipping will do its utmost to do the United States but not the east coast where Japan has no bus."

CHILE OFFERS TO MEDIATE

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 8 (Reuters)—Chile has offered to act as mediator in the dispute between Peru and Ecuador with the view of bringing the hostilities between the two countries to an end.

S. A. Pilot's "Double"

A South African airman, WING-COMMANDER A. G. MALAN, who already holds the bar to the D.F.C., has been awarded the bar to the D.S.O. He is the leader of the crack No. 74 squadron and has 35 enemy machines to his credit.

Wing-Commander Malan is the first airman to win the "Double" in this war and is the second to gain this distinction the first being WING-COMMANDER STATION who won the D.F.C. and bar and the M.C. in the last war and the D.S.O. and bar in the present war.

Services between INDIA and JAPAN will be maintained but the ATLANTIC services via the PANAMA CANAL, "whose permit system is very troublesome," will be suspended.

The Japanese merchant marine is now controlled by the Central Marine Transport Control Association which was set up in November last year. The Association is responsible for the routing of all the merchant vessels.

The coastal and inland water services in China and services between Japan and China is maintained by the East Asia Marine Transport Company formed by ten leading Japanese steamship companies 18 months ago.

It was reported last week that the Japanese Government had ordered all Japanese ships to return to their home ports.

A report by the NEW YORK HERALD-TRIBUNE that the Japanese Government is discussing the question of a safety zone around Japan was dismissed by Mr. Ishii as malicious fabrication.

DANISH SHIPS

MANILA, July 8 (Reuters)—The United States Maritime Commission is reported to have authorized the use of one of its four Danish vessels to transport relief supplies to the Philippines.

materials to the United States, according to the MANILA BULLETIN.

This move follows the recent withdrawal of five Japanese vessels from the United States-Philippines line.

The vessels are very likely to be assigned to an American shipping firm, the paper adds.

-On Other- Pages

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3—Radio programmes; Commis events.

4—U.S. naval forces landed in Iceland; Heavy damage inflicted on enemy ships; Germans surprised by Russian tank strength.

5—Judgment in transfer of export licence case; Indian watchman faces capital charge; Consecration of Vespers; Rev. J. L. Wilson.

6—Leading article: Nazi activity in Japan.

7—Summary Court; Report on "staked round the globe" (Continued).

8—Crossword puzzle.

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ROTARY CLUB TIFFIN:

BANKING NOT WITHOUT ITS LIGHTER SIDE: INTERESTING PAPER BY W.H.E. THOMAS

An interesting paper entitled "The Lighter Side of Banking" was read yesterday at the weekly tiffin meeting of the Hongkong Rotary Club by Rotarian W. H. E. Thomas.

Rotarian Thomas said, in part: "I have called my paper 'The Lighter Side of Banking' as I wish to show that a dull occupation such as I follow has its lighter moments and that a banker is none the worse in his profession if he has a sense of humour, the possession of which adds piquancy to life in all its aspects."

Bankers, as a class, as well as their profession, have to suffer a great deal of criticism from time to time, some of which I admit may be justified; but a good deal of which is not.

The latter usually comes from disappointed, would-be borrowers who take refuge in high sounding phrases such as "the need for credit expansion when times are bad" and generally finish up with "and Mr. Editor, what are the Banks doing about it?"

The answer, as far as they are concerned is generally "nothing," as it is certainly no function of the Banks to bolster up a trading against doubtful security, in other words to throw good money after bad.

"GLORIFIED PAWNBROKING"

Then one often hears the expression that banking is nothing but "glorified pawnbroking." There may be something in that. At least, it certainly is the view held by many clients. At a Branch I was stationed at, a sportsman tried to raise a loan on a bicycle possessing only one good tyre and he was quite hurt when the proposal was not entertained.

The Bank Manager in his experience sees a lot of human nature in all its aspects: some of it brave and upright in adversity; some of it very ugly; and a good deal of what may be termed "the seamy side of life."

It is no wonder that sometimes he becomes a little suspicious, cynical disillusioned towards the end of his days.

One point is sometimes lost sight of. The banker is not trading entirely with his own or his firm's money as in the case of a merchant; he trades with other people's money. In other words, he occupies the position of a trustee and, as such, must exercise additional caution in all his transactions.

At a busy Branch, he is called upon to take innumerable decisions during the day and any slip on his part is likely to be taken advantage of in the grim struggle.

EXTRA CALLS

You would be surprised at the extra calls outside the usual banking routine, made upon the banker's time. Women are the chief offenders in this respect. The amount of free advice one is expected to give dealing with births, marriages and deaths and even matrimonial differences, would make the mouths of my friends in the legal profession water.

I think the underlying motive is, in most cases, to save the usual 6s. 8d. fee, or its equivalent in local currency, but sometimes it is a case of pure friendliness and, in its way, a compliment.

One attractive young matron in Peking some years ago once asked me to look after her two-year-old baby while she had her hair shingled. I drew the line at that, although she assured me he was very good and gave no trouble.

TROUBLESOME TOURISTS

Particularly troublesome at times are the tourists over rates of exchange. Especially was this so in the old silver days when violent fluctuations took place; and you can imagine the difficulty of trying to explain the intricacies of exchange to say an old lady from the Middle West, whose banker in her home town had told her that she would get "two to one" in Mexican dollars for every Gold dollar.

One dear old soul used to come in each day and enquire "What is the Bank squeeze today?" I, retired hurt from the unequal contest.

To turn to one's early days, I started my banking career in one of the big Joint Stock Banks in London. My services were assessed to be worth £40 a year.

The Scotch Banks were notoriously hard on their clerks, and used to pay their men at £10 a year and even less. One such Bank used to print on the pay envelope "Your salary is your

South China Return: Successful Tour

SOUTH CHINA ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION returned to the Colony after a successful one-month tour of the Straits Settlements, during which they played, on an average, one game in three days.

In all they played 17 matches of which they won 12, lost two and drew three, including the charity match against Combined Selangor on June 27, which had to be abandoned due to a riot.

Lee Wai-tong, captain of the team, was in grand form "bagging" 19 of the goals, with Chan Tak-fai claiming 11.

According to Lee Wai-tong, Hsu King-sing, Chow Man-chi and Lau Chung-sang were at their best, but Hsu unfortunately was injured in the Kuala Lumpur game and since then took no further part.

The stiffest competition received by the visitors were in their matches in Singapore and in Kuala Lumpur. The standard in other matches did not reach the same

RECORD OF TOUR

That the tour was a great success in so far as results were concerned can be seen from the record of matches appended below:

24 drew with S'pore Combined Chinese 2-2

25 beat Combined Siragappa 3-0

27 lost to S'pore Combined Services 2-4

30 beat Combined Kuala Lumpur Chinese 3-2

31 beat Selangor State 3-0

June 2 beat Kuala Lumpur Champions 4-2

4 beat Combined Perak 3-2

8 beat Ipoh Combined Chinese 3-0

10 beat Combined Perak 3-0

14 beat Combined Penang 2-0

15 beat Penang Indians 4-1

18 lost to a team from Penang 1-3

21 beat Penang Combined Services 11-0

23 beat Penang Chinese 2-0

27 drew with Selangor Combined 1-1 (abandoned due to riot)

30 drew with Negri Sembilan State 4-4

July 4 beat Singapore Combined Services 1-0

In all the 17 matches, South China scored 52 goals against their opponents 21.

SPORTING FIXTURES

TODAY

BASEBALL. — U. S. S. Tulsa v. Royal Engineers, 5.15 p.m.

MEETING. — Annual, of the Hongkong Football Association, Bank of Canton, Bldg., 5.30 p.m.

TENNIS. — Third Division: C.C.C. v. C.D.R., S.C.A.A. v. A.T.C., I.R.C. v. K.T.G.C.A., K.I.T.C. v. K.C.C., H.K.U.T.C. v. C.R.C. (1)

TOMORROW

TENNIS. — Fourth Division: K.I.T.C. v. A.T.C., C.R.C. v. P.O.R.C. (1), P.O.R.C. (2) v. J.R.C., C.C.C. v. F.C., I.R.C. v. C.B.A.

SATURDAY, JULY 12

BASEBALL. — U.S.S. Mindanao v. H.B. Baseball Club, 2.15 p.m.; H.K.B.C. v. S.C.A.A., 4.30 p.m.

LAWN BOWLS. — First Division: Recreation "A" v. Kowloon C.C., Kowloon Dockers R.C. v. Craigengower, Civil Service v. Police R.C., Indian R.C. v. Recreation "B", Kowloon B.G.C. "B" v. Kowloon B.G.C. "A", Second Division: Recreation v. Kowloon Tong, Kowloon C.C. v. Frison O.C., Craigengower v. Hongkong F.C., Kowloon F.C. v. Tai Koo R.C., Third Division: Craigengower v. Kowloon F.C., Hongkong F.C. v. Indian R.C., Police R.C. v. Recreation, Hongkong C.C. v. Hongkong Electric.

SUNDAY, JULY 13

BASEBALL. — U. S. S. Tulsa v. Hongkong Baseball Club, 10 a.m.

CHUNG SING GALA

V.R.C. TEAM WIN OPEN RELAY

Competing for the first time in an open relay, a V. R. C. trio, comprising A. K. Rumball (back), Luis M. Remedios (breast) and Charles Hwang (free-style), had little difficulty in overcoming their nearest rivals, the Chinese Y. M. C. A. "A", beating the latter by about 15 yards in the Open 150 metres Medley Relay race at the Swimming Gala held by the Chung Sing Bathing Club, West Point, last night.

There was a large crowd present and they were treated to some keen swimming.

Mr. K. Cheuk-hung, Chairman of the Club, presented the prizes. Chan Shek-pui, swimming coach of the club, acted as referee, assisted by Kong Chun-wah and Tong Shu-fai as time-keepers, and Ng Chi-man as judge.

Following are the results. 150 metres Open medley relay: 1. V. R. C.; 2. Chinese Y. M. C. A. "A"; 3. Chinese Bathing Club. Time 1 min. 38.5 secs.

100 metres members' breast-stroke (men): 1. Chan Po-yung; Chan Chek-pai; Chan Chung-yiu. Time 1 min. 31 secs.

50 metres members' free-style (ladies): 1. Miss Ip Choi-man; 2. Miss Li Nga-mui; 3. Miss Luk Si-ho. Time 42 secs.

50 metres members' "B" class free-style (men): 1. Mok Cheung; 2. Fung Sing; 3. Chan Sum-yuen; 4. Fung Kwok-choy. Time 37 secs.

50 metres members' "A" class free-style (men): 1. Ng Tsun-man; 2. Ngai Sik-cheung; 3. Wong Ping-ki.

100 metres members' breast-stroke (ladies): 1. Miss Chu Wei-ching; 2. Miss Lau Woon-to; 3. Miss Luk Si-ho. Time 1 min. 47 secs.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO SINO WAR BONDS

Up to date, a total of NC\$12,000,000 worth of the Chinese Military Supply Bonds have been subscribed to by Chinese in Hongkong, according to the latest returns of the Hongkong National War Bonds Committee.

More than 1,500 units are soliciting subscriptions with untiring efforts. One of the largest individual subscriptions is NC\$32,000 made by Mr. Lam Pui-sung who sold a part of his gold and silver ornaments for the purpose.

CHINESE WOULD MAKE EXCELLENT EXPLORERS — SIR HUBERT WILKINS

Among the guests at the weekly tiffin meeting of the Hongkong Rotary Club yesterday was the noted explorer, SIR HUBERT WILKINS.

Called upon to speak, Sir Hubert said that it was quite an unexpected and great pleasure for him to attend the meeting. He had visited many Rotary Clubs in other parts of the world and was an Honorary Member of at least 28 such Clubs.

He had in the course of his travels visited 70 countries; and China was the 71st. In Japan, he had not, unfortunately, had the opportunity to visit a Rotary Club as the Japanese had suspended the reciprocal service which was the foundation of Rotary.

The Chinese he considered to be a people who would make excellent explorers. They could take advantage of every condition and still be able to carry on in their customary manner.

Explorers were just such people and he could point out as an example of a man with a mind to be an explorer a Liverpool Irishman he had known, by name Fred Hobson.

Fred was one of those people who would approach a newcomer and slap him on the back and call him by his first name. He had not minded at all this show of familiarity, Sir Hubert said, but was rather astonished to see Fred accord the same treatment the day after to a visiting Archbishop.

Reproaching Fred for his having allowed himself such familiarity with so distinguished a figure, he was met with the reply "Now that I know, I will have to call him Archie!"

MAJ.-GEN. GRASSETT

Present also at the meeting was His Excellency the General Officer Commanding, Major General A. E. Grasett, D.S.O., M.C., who, addressing the Rotarians, said that he had been flattered and very much pleased to have been made an Honorary Member of the Rotary Club and had made up his mind on learning of his transfer that he would not go away without attending another of the meetings.

While quite sorry to leave his friends here, Maj.-General Grasett said, he was, on the balance, quite glad to go and felt that it was time for him to leave it to someone else to "pick up the bricks I have scattered about the place."

With the war over, he would quite certainly as a retired old general wish to revisit a place where he could enjoy such pleasant company as he experienced here at the Rotary Club.

Rotarian Lam Ming-fan, in the Chair, substituted for the President, Rotarian Robertson, who was down with the flu.

GUESTS WELCOMED

Guests welcomed at the meeting were Messrs. D. I. Ballantyne, D. A. O'Kieffe, Lt. A. C. L. Gasper, R.N., Messrs. Nekeimann, Gasper, Crabbe, Appleby, G. Peterquin, J. W. Tomkinson, C. T. Bailey and Williams.

NEW SONG IN CHINA'S WAR-TIME CAPITAL

Recently, Chen Lih-fu, Minister of Education, composed a song entitled "Resistance." It is as follows:—

"Are you not citizens of China? Are you not a Chinese with hot blood? The time for life or death has come. Are you going to offer resistance or to wait for death?"

"Resist! Resist! Resist! Resist! Rise for the sake of the independence of the people. Blood may be shed and heads may fall, but the lost territory must be recovered and the national humiliation must be wiped away. Save the nation, save the people, save ourselves! The responsibility rests entirely on you and on me."

"Resist! Resist! Let the people do their best to the bitter end!"

Sykes Wins Billiards Challenge Match

Accepting a challenge from H. Jackson, Dockyard champion, to a match of 500 up, L. Sykes, Y.M.C.A. billiards champion, won a fine game at the "Y" on Monday night by a score of 500-380. Sykes received a handicap of 50.

Playing a consistent game, Sykes scored breaks of 22, 29, 18, 22, 35, and 53, while Jackson's best efforts were 20, 51, 28 and 34.

Right out in Front!

PLAYER'S CLIPPER

CLAIM OF CIGARETTES AND CIGARETTES

U.S. NAVAL FORCES IN ICELAND TO REPLACE THE BRITISH GARRISON

Occupation Announced By President Roosevelt In A Special Congress Message

WASHINGTON, July 8 (REUTERS).—THE DECISION OF THE UNITED STATES TO TAKE OVER CONTROL OF ICELAND to replace the British and Canadian forces there for service elsewhere was officially revealed here yesterday.

The announcement disclosed that American naval forces have already arrived in Iceland. For the moment they will supplement the British forces. Gradually, they will replace them.

In a special message to Congress, announcing the arrival of the naval force, President Roosevelt indicated that units from the United States will eventually replace the British forces stationed in Iceland.

The President said that the United States could not permit "the occupation by Germany of strategic outposts in the Atlantic, to be used as air or naval bases for an eventual attack against the Western Hemisphere."

The President emphasised, however, that the United States did not desire any change of sovereignty in those regions.

The German occupation of Iceland he said, would constitute a serious threat in three dimensions. "a threat against Greenland and the northern part of the American continent and the island lying off it, a threat against all shipping in the Atlantic and a threat against the steady flow of munitions to Britain, which is a matter of broad policy clearly approved by Congress."

No indication is given of just what forces have reached Iceland or whether they will be supplemented by troops or marines.

Nor did President Roosevelt indicate whether similar action might be taken against other possible stepping off points for German action against the Western Hemisphere.

LETTERS EXCHANGED

The Presidential message was accompanied by the texts of letters exchanged between Mr. Roosevelt and the Prime Minister of Iceland dated July 1, and the Message was in line with the understanding reached in this exchange, that the United States Navy would go to Iceland.

The Message stated that the assurance that "strategic outposts in the United States defence frontier should remain in friendly hands is the very foundation of United States national security and of the national security of every one."

President Roosevelt added:—"As Commander-in-Chief, I have consequently issued orders to the Navy that all necessary steps be taken to ensure the safety of communications in the approaches between Iceland and the United States, as well as on the seas between the United States and all other strategic outposts."

This Government will ensure the adequate defence of Iceland with full recognition of the independence of Iceland as a sovereign state.

IMMENSE IMPORTANCE

In his message to President Roosevelt, the Prime Minister of Iceland, Mr. Hermann Jonasson, stated that in a conversation on June 24, the British minister explained to him that the British forces in Iceland were required elsewhere. At the same time, it was stressed that the adequate defence of Iceland was of immense importance, and President Roosevelt was prepared to send United States troops immediately to supplement and replace the British troops.

Mr. Jonasson said he was informed that President Roosevelt did not consider he should take this course except at the invitation of the Icelandic Government. This invitation had accordingly been based upon eight conditions.

"FULLY ACCEPTABLE"

The Icelandic Government placed special stress on there being "sufficient planes for defence purposes." President Roosevelt replied that this and other conditions were "fully acceptable" to the United States and that they would be observed.

An exchange of diplomatic representatives is contemplated and President Roosevelt said he would ask Congress to agree to an arrangement to allow this exchange. In addition, President Roosevelt said that he was communicating with the Government of all other Western Hemisphere nations on the United States Government's action.

It is the announced policy of the Government of the United States, President Roosevelt told Mr. Jonasson, "to undertake to join with other nations of the Western Hemisphere in the defence of the new world against any attempt at aggression."

EIGHT CONDITIONS

In the opinion of this Government, it is imperative that the integrity and independence of Iceland be preserved because of the fact that any occupation of Iceland by the power whose only too clearly apparent plans for world conquest include the domination of the peoples of the new world, would at once directly menace the security of the entire Western Hemisphere.

It is for that reason, in response to your message, that the Government of the United States will send immediately troops to supplement and eventually replace the British forces there."

Mr. Jonasson's letter laid down the following conditions:

1. The United States promises to withdraw military forces immediately on the conclusion of the present war.

2. The United States promises to recognise the "absolute independence and sovereignty of Iceland" and to use its influence at the eventual peace treaty that it will extend the same recognition.

3. The United States promises not to interfere with the Icelandic Government during the occupation or afterwards.

4. The United States promises to organise a defence so as to ensure the greatest possible safety for the inhabitants with only "picked troops."

5. The United States undertakes the defence of Iceland without any expense for Iceland.

6. The United States promises to further Iceland's interests in every possible way, including supplying "necessities" and securing the necessary shipping.

7. Iceland expects any declaration by the President to be in agreement with these promises.

8. It is obvious that if the United States undertakes any defence of Iceland, "it will be strong enough to meet every eventuality, and particularly in the beginning it is expected that as far as possible an effort will be made to prevent any special danger in connection with the change-over."

SOVEREIGN STATE

In connection with Condition 8, Iceland stressed the need for

LANDED AUSTRALIAN POLITICS

LABOUR PARTY AGITATION

CANBERRA, July 8 (Reuters).—The Commonwealth Government, headed by Mr. R. G. Menzies, may face some difficulties in the forthcoming budget session.

The proposed budget is believed to contain sufficiently contentious matters to provoke Labour hostility and the three Government defeats on minor issues in the House of Representatives last week are interpreted as pointing to a weakness in the Government position despite the statement by Mr. Curtin, Labour leader, that Mr. Menzies and he are concentrating on strengthening Australian defences and denying the possibility of an early election.

There is talk in some quarters of looking for a good election issue.

CURTIN AS PREMIER?

In New South Wales, where Labour Parliamentary influence is strongest, it is suggested that Labour should take office under Mr. Curtin as Prime Minister without an election.

Unions are showing increasing anxiety that Labour should take action against the Government and are bringing increasing pressure to bear on their Parliamentary leaders but no crisis is in any case likely before Parliament meets, probably late in August.

GERMANS CLOSE TWO REPRISAL CAMPS

LONDON, July 8 (Reuters).—The War Office states that information has been received that through the good offices of the United States Embassy, Stalag 20A Fort 15 and Stalag 21d Fort 8 (Prisoners' camps) have been closed and that all officers have been transferred from them to other camps.

Some officers are said to have been sent to Oflag 5b.

The camps that have been closed are the so-called "reprisal camps" to which certain officers were transferred early in March.

FOUR NIGHT ALARMS SOUNDED IN MALTA

MALTA, July 8 (Reuters).—A communique issued yesterday states that there were four alarms on Sunday night.

Enemy aircraft came over singly during the greater part of the night. Many bombs were dropped in various localities and some civilian damage was caused but there were few casualties.

Searchlights were active and anti-aircraft guns put up several barrages. One enemy bomber was intercepted when returning to its base by a British fighter and was shot down into the sea in flames.

Sufficient planes and said they could be used as soon as the United States decided to undertake the defence. Mr. Jonasson said Iceland reached her decision as "an absolutely free, sovereign State" and considered it a matter of course that the United States recognise the legal status of Iceland, with both states immediately exchanging diplomatic representatives.

GERMANS ARE SURPRISED BY RUSSIAN TANK STRENGTH

ZURICH, July 8 (Reuters).—"One of the greatest surprises, even to specialists, is the extent of the Russian tank weapon," says the Berlin correspondent of the Neue Zürcher Zeitung, describing a visit to Lwow, (Lemberg).

He says that the Germans captured Lwow after eight days of constant fighting. The Germans were continually attacked by Russian tank units which were used in big numbers.

The Russian tanks included 15-ton machines which were equipped with 47 mm guns, medium tanks with 75 mm guns and big "super-tanks" with 85 mm guns.

The Germans say that the last-mentioned are fast but are vulnerable in close fighting because, beside their big guns, they carry only one machine-gun, pointing forward, which can be put out of action with a hand grenade.

The Russians are also using giant 80-ton tanks built on the French B2 design, with three gun turrets, each containing a howitzer, two light guns and several machine-guns. These are particularly vulnerable but are liable to be bogged in marshy ground.

NAZI DESTROYERS SUNK IN GULF OF RIGA

RUSSIANS CLAIM ANNIHILATION OF ENEMY BATTALION IN THE MOGULOV-PODOLSK SECTOR

LONDON, July 8 (Reuters).—A RUSSIAN COMMUNIQUE STATES THAT THE RUSSIANS HAVE REPULSED numerous German attempts to break through at the Ostrov sector. During the night, the Russians took a heavy toll of German tanks.

Two German destroyers were sunk in a naval battle when German forces were trying to penetrate the Gulf of Riga. All night long, German efforts to cross the river in western Dvina in the Poonau sector were fiercely contested.

The Russians also frustrated German motorised attempts to break through to the east in the Novorod Volinsk sector. In the Bessarabian sector, the Russians have flung back the Germans to their original positions with heavy losses.

HELSINKI RAIDED

HELSINKI, July 8 (Reuters).—Enemy planes have bombed different places in Finland.

Helsinki was raided yesterday when one person was killed, 20 were wounded and buildings were damaged.

Bombs were dropped in Kotka during the night of Sunday-Monday. Many fires were caused and 20 houses were damaged.

Five raiding planes are reported to have been shot down.

HUNGARIAN COMMUNIQUE

BUDAPEST, July 8 (Reuters).—On Saturday and Sunday, Hungarian troops carried out flanking attacks against the enemy, states a Hungarian Supreme Command communique.

Panzer divisions particularly distinguished themselves.

"In some places, our troops are advancing on the eastern side of Dneister," says the communique.

LONDON, July 8 (Reuters).—A German communique claims that the Germans have repelled counter-attacks in Bessarabia and that they continue to advance.

In Bukovina, the Rumanians and Hungarians have reached the upper Dneister and have captured Cernauti.

Operations in Galicia continue on a wide front beyond Sereth.

BATTALION ANNIHILATED

MOSCOW, July 8 (Reuters).—A Soviet communique states that the Germans have repeatedly attempted to land large forces of troops on the north bank of Western Dvina in the Podolsk sector, but Soviet troops have firmly held their positions.

The communique adds that the Germans also made several attempts to cross the River Dneiper in the Bobruisk sector, but were obliged to retire with heavy losses under the withering fire of the Soviet troops.

HEAVY DAMAGE INFLICTED BY THE R.A.F. ON ENEMY SHIPS IN SICILY HARBOUR

LONDON, July 7 (Reuters).—A "particularly successful" attack on enemy shipping by the R.A.F. on Sunday in the harbour at Palermo, Sicily, is announced in yesterday's R.A.F. Middle East communique.

Heavy damage was inflicted on several vessels.

An 8,000-ton ship was hit by two bombs and lifts were also made on ships of 5,000 and 2,000 tons. A ship of 1,000 tons was set on fire by three bombs and emitted clouds of smoke accompanied by explosions. Another ship of 5,000 tons was hit by incendiary bombs.

In Syria, R.A.F. bomber and fighter aircraft continued to give active support to the operations of the ground forces. Last night, Aleppo aerodrome was successfully attacked. Bombs fell on the runways and hangars, causing several fires and explosions. The same aerodrome was attacked several times during the previous night.

During last night's attack, three aircraft were set on fire on the ground and a number of others were damaged or destroyed by incendiaries and machine-gunning. Beirut was also attacked on Sunday night. Bombs were seen to fall near the barracks and railway sidings.

Several targets in the neighbourhood of Dambour were also attacked by bombs straddling the bridge and gun battery.

British fighters again attacked Vichy shipping in the harbour of Aoud.

In Libya, the R.A.F. was also active. During the night of July 5-6 raids were made on docks and shipping at Benghazi. Bombs fell on moles, among the railway sidings and in a motor transport park. A number of fires were started.

From all these operations all British aircraft returned safely.

Wherever the Russians are forced to retreat they are withdrawn in good order, leaving no loot or abandoned arms and equipment in their wake.



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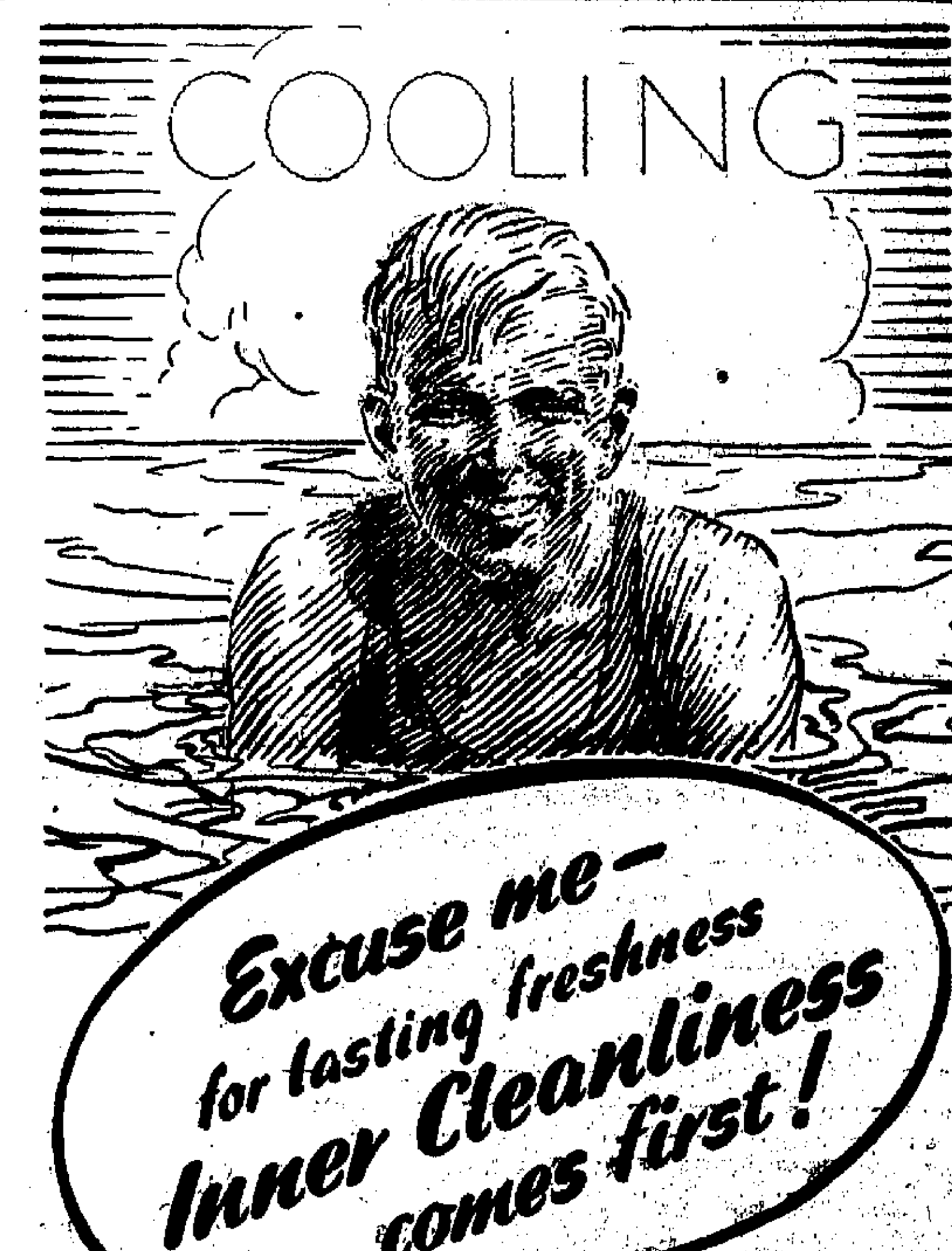
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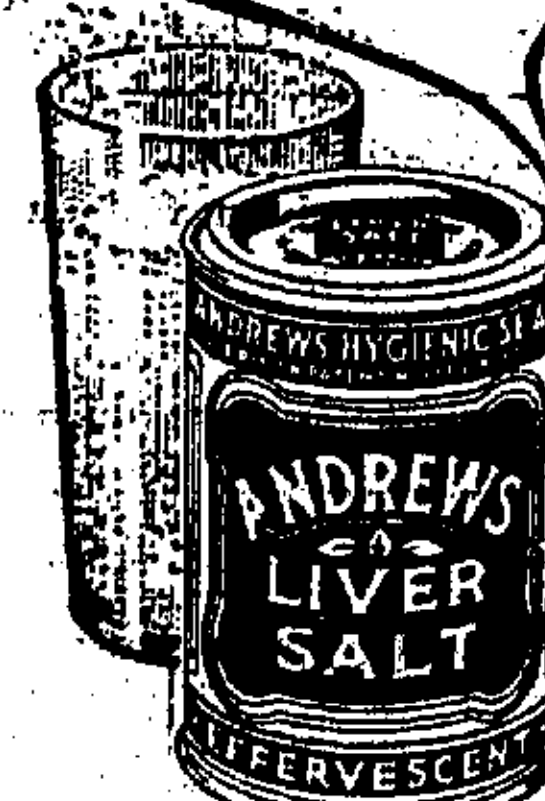
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DIFFICULTIES ARISING FROM ACTIONS UNDER DEFENCE REGULATIONS: SOONER AUTHORITATIVE RULINGS OBTAINED FROM SUPREME COURT THE BETTER

Judgment In Transfer Of Export Licence Case

"Questions of difficulty arise almost daily in proceedings under the Defence Regulations and the sooner authoritative rulings are obtained from the Supreme Court the better it will be, not only for the guidance of the inferior Courts but for all those engaged either in the prosecution or defence of alleged offenders against these Regulations."

With these words, Mr. H. G. Sheldon, K.C., concluded his written judgment given at the Central Magistracy yesterday in the case in which the Tai Sang Steamship Company, of No. 136, Connaught Road Central, was summoned on two counts of attempted export of unmanifested cargo and unlawful transfer of an export licence, and Choi Wai for moving on board the s.s. Kau Tung, 50 bales of gunny bags for the purpose of exporting, without a licence from the Controller of Trade.

The summonses against the former alleged that

(1) the Tai Sang Steamship Company failed to furnish to the Superintendent of the Imports and Exports Office, a copy of the complete ship's manifest of all cargo put on board or to be put on board the s.s. Kau Tung not less than 12 hours before sailing, by the omission from the manifest of 50 bales of gunny bags allegedly consigned by the Kwong Fung Hong firm, contrary to an order of the Defence Regulations;

(2) on or about March 29, the Tai Sang Steamship Company lent to or allowed to be used by Choi Wai, master of the Pook Hing Firm, an export licence originally issued by the Controller of Trade to the Kwong Fung Hong firm, of No. 58A, Bonham Strand West, for the purpose of enabling Choi Wai to export 50 bales of gunny bags to Macao.

The steamship company was found not guilty and discharged, while Choi was convicted and fined "a nominal sum of \$50."

Senior Revenue Officer W. V. Ahern prosecuted, while the steamship company was represented by Mr. P. Y. Woo and Choi by Mr. F. H. Leseby.

THE JUDGMENT

The judgment is as follows: In these two summonses the relevant facts are as follows:

One Choi Wai (hereafter called the first defendant) wished to export a parcel of gunny bags valued at some \$19,000 to Macao. For this purpose it was necessary for him to obtain a licence from the Controller of Trade. According to his evidence he asked a man named Wai Wing Cho of 46 Connaught Road Central to obtain the necessary licence for him and also to book shipping space for the bags. The bags were to be delivered to a firm in Macao named Leung Kee.

Shortly before the s.s. Kau Tung belonging to the Tai Sang Steamship Co. (hereafter called the defendant company) was due to sail, Revenue Officers found part of this cargo of gunny bags on board. An export licence was produced on board to these officers purporting to be a licence referring to these gunny bags: this document was a forgery, the position then being that the first defendant had attempted to ship the gunny bags without having obtained the necessary licence and the bags not appearing in the ship's manifest. Proceedings were taken against the first defendant under Reg. 82 (1) of the Defence Regulations of 1940 and against the defendant company under Order No. 738, dated 2nd September, 1939, made under the Defence Regulations of 1939.

PRACTICAL CERTAINTY

The evidence leads with practical certainty to the conclusion that the export licence referred to, together with a shipping order and a supplementary manifest, had been forged by Wai Wing Cho who has disappeared.

The story of the first defendant is a curious one. There is no entry in any book or document whatsoever referring to this transaction with the Leung Kee firm. Wai Wing Cho, he says, was introduced to him by a clansman and he knows little about him. He left the matter to him and that as far as he was concerned was the end of the matter except that he accompanied part of the cargo and saw it placed on board the s.s. Kau Tung.

His story is improbable but not impossible and therefore in my opinion he must be acquitted of knowledge of the attempted fraud.

There is no evidence that the defendant company had any knowledge of the matter.

On these facts Mr. Leseby for the first defendant and Mr. Woo for the defendant company submit that their respective clients are entitled to be acquitted because the prosecution have failed to prove the essential ingredient of mens rea. I agree with Mr. Leseby's argument that the general rule is that mens rea is an essential element in constituting a breach of the criminal law: the principle is easily stated, the application of the principle to a particular statute or other enactment has given trouble throughout the history of criminal jurisprudence.

SOME CONTROVERSY

In MAXWELL ON STATUTES (3rd Edn.) at P. 138 is the passage "But how far ignorance or erroneous belief of a fact which is essential to the offence is material is a question which has given rise to some controversy and conflict of decisions. The substance of these decisions is, however, that it is necessary to look at the object of each act that is under consideration to see whether and how far knowledge is of the essence of the offence created."

Looking at the relevant regulations concerning this matter it seems to me their object is wholly to prohibit the exportation of certain goods, among which are gunny bags, and to require that 12 hours before a ship sails a manifest of all cargo put on board shall be delivered to the Superintendent of Imports and Exports.

I do not think any useful purpose will be served by citing authorities and judgments on facts different from those now under consideration, but applying the principle contained in Maxwell (supra) I come to the conclusion that an act coupled with the intention to do the very things expressly prohibited by the regulations, in the present cases (1) by intending to export cargo when in fact a licence had not been issued and (2) by failing to furnish a manifest which in fact contained a list of all cargo put on board or to be put on board, whether occasioned by ignorance, mistake or any non-culpable reason is sufficient to cause an offence under this particular Regulation and order. In my opinion therefore the defence fails.

FURTHER DEFENCE

Mr. Woo has raised a further defence: the wording of the order of September 2nd, 1939 is as follows:—"The agents of any ship which leaves the Colony shall, not less than twelve hours before the ship sails, deliver to the Superintendent of Imports and Exports... one copy of the complete ship's export manifest." Mr. Woo contends that his clients are the owners of the s.s. Kau Tung—and this is admittedly so—and therefore cannot be affected by the word "agents" in the order. He supports his contention by pointing out that under the Regulations made under the Registration of Imports and Exports Ordinance (No. 12 of 1923), Regulation No. 7 expressly allows seven days for the manifest to be furnished by the owner, master or commander, and therefore if "agents" in the order of September 2nd, 1939 is construed to include "owners," the joint result of Regulation 7 and

AIR MAIL SERVICE RESUMED

Air Mail service by British Overseas Airways Corporation to East and South Africa, United Kingdom and beyond has now been resumed, it was learned yesterday.

DOCTOR LEAVES BIG ESTATE

Big local estate valued at \$269,600 had been left by the late Mr. Tong Sap-ye (otherwise spelt Tong Sap-ye or Tang Shih-ye), alias Tong Tai-kung, alias Tong To (or Toa) Sang, alias To Sang-tong, alias Tsang Tse-tong, Chinese medical practitioner formerly of No. 65 Bonham Strand.

The deceased died at the age of 66 years on or before April 28, 1940 at the Paulum Hospital, No. 415 Burkill Road, Shanghai.

A petition for the probate of the will of deceased has been granted to Tong Ah-chow, Chinese Medical practitioner.

MONTHLY TICKETS TO COST MORE

The rates for season tickets on buses and trams are to be increased from the beginning of next month, it was learned yesterday. Only monthly tickets are affected and there will be no change in the ordinary fares.

TWO WEDDINGS AT REGISTRY

Two marriages took place at the Registry, Supreme Court, yesterday with Mr. J. Reynolds, Deputy Registrar, officiating. The parties were:—

Mr. Christopher Sullivan, social service worker, residing at the Bellevue Hotel, Kowloon, and Miss Lee Tsiong, residing at the same hotel;

Mr. Liang Pak-wing, merchant, of No. 8 Smithfield, second floor, Kowloon Tong, and Miss Si Wai-si, of No. 45 Belcher's Street, Kowloon Tong.

INDIAN WATCHMAN FACES CAPITAL CHARGE: SEQUEL TO QUEEN'S RD. SHOOTING

The shooting at Queen's Road Central, in front of Central Market, on the morning of June 11, in which an Indian was fatally wounded and a pedestrian slightly, had a sequel yesterday before Mr. H. G. Sheldon, K.C., at the Central Magistracy, when PRITAM SINGH, 38, of No. 1, Electric Street, top floor, private watchman employed by the Cheong Kee money changers, No. 114, Queen's Road Central, was charged with the murder of Kesar Singh.

Mr. J. P. Murphy, Assistant Crown Solicitor, assisted by Det. Insp. L. R. Whant, conducted the prosecution.

Mr. Murphy said that about 7.30 a.m. on the day in question, accused reported for duty at the shop where he was employed and received a revolver and full ammunition pouch.

About two hours later, another

the Order would lead to a patent ambiguity.

Think Mr. Woo is right and that his point is fatal to the summons against the defendant company. If this decision is correct the result is obviously lamentable because it will allow owners who run their ships without the intervention of agents totally to disregard the provision of the Order, but I see no answer to Mr. Woo's contention. It is true that in the definition section of Ordinance No. 12 of 1922 "owner of a ship" is made expressly to include "agents" but I know of no canon of construction which would allow without straining the meaning of language the word "agents" to include "owners." The two terms in their primary meaning are perfectly clear and distinct.

The result of these proceedings is therefore that the summons against the defendant company fails and is dismissed; the first defendant is convicted and for the reasons given will be fined a nominal sum of \$50. In conclusion I express the hope that Mr. Leseby will take the matter further.

Consecration Of Very Rev. J. L. Wilson

Specially Augmented Choir For Occasion

The consecration of the Very Rev. J. L. Wilson to be Bishop of Singapore will take place in the Cathedral on Tuesday, July 22, St. Mary Magdalene Day, at 5.30 p.m., says the St. John's Review.

There will be a specially augmented choir for this occasion under the direction of the Cathedral Organist, Mr. J. R. M. Smith. There will be three short Anthems, "Blessed be the God and Father," "Ye Priests of the Lord" (Elsar), and "O Convivium Sacrum" (Byrd).

It will not be possible to reserve seats for many besides the Cathedral Council, but there will be very many extra seats in the Cathedral, to accommodate not only our regular congregation but representatives of all the Churches and Church schools in Hong-kong.

Although the Consecration service lasts some time, those intending to come need not fear its length will be inordinate. It is not expected that Evensong or Litany will be included in the service.

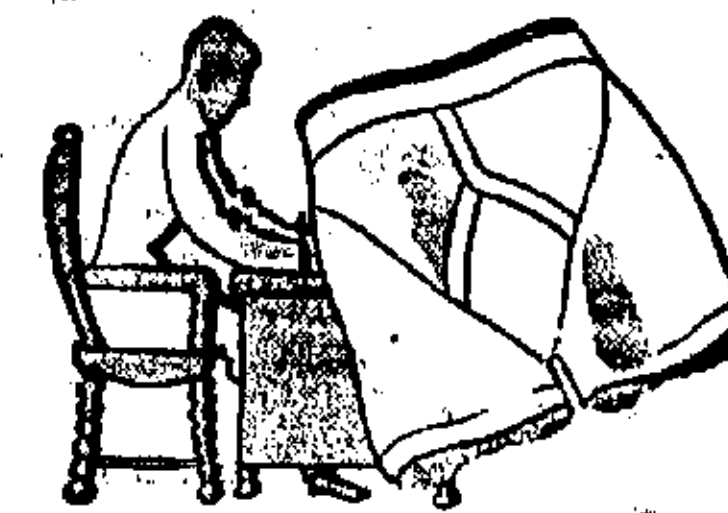
PRESENTATION TO DEAN

On account of difficulties in travelling it has not been found possible to make the presentation to the Dean until Friday, July 25. On that day a gathering of the Cathedral congregation and their friends will take place in the Cathedral Hall, tea at 5 p.m., the presentation to begin at 5.30 p.m.

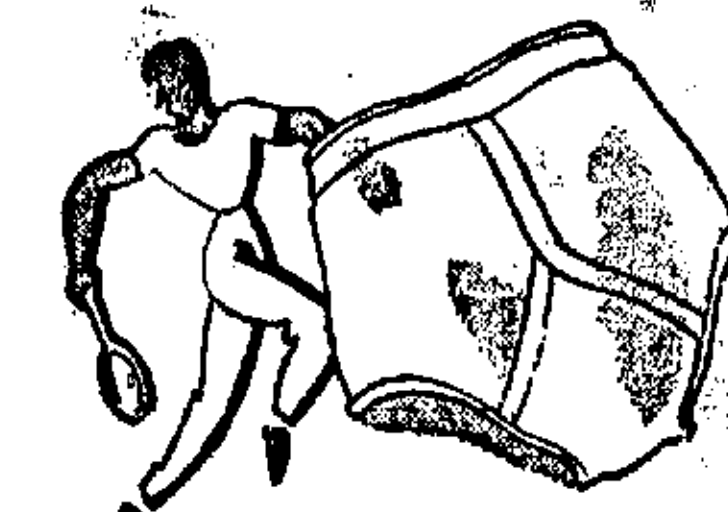
A silver pastoral staff, similar to that used by the Bishop of this Diocese, is being made, and also a silver pectoral cross. In addition, some gifts for household use will be chosen to accompany the former which are connected with the Bishop Designate's new office.

H. E. the Governor has graciously consented to make the presentation to the new Bishop.—St. John's Review.

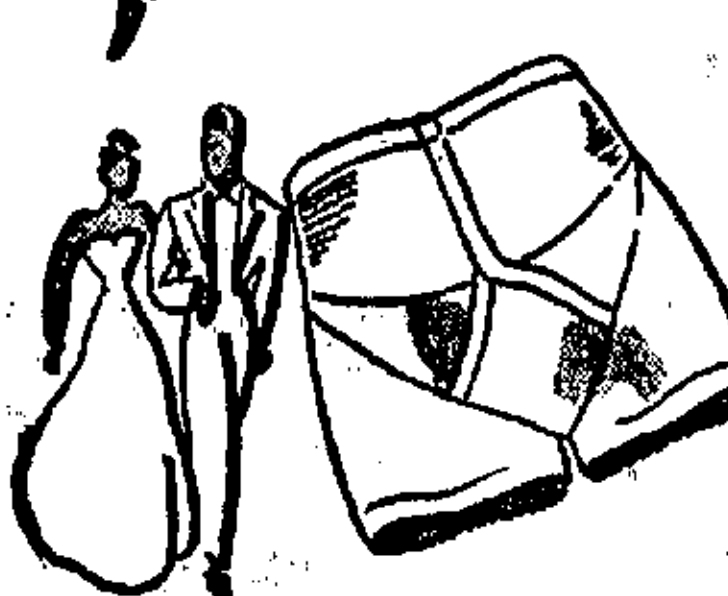
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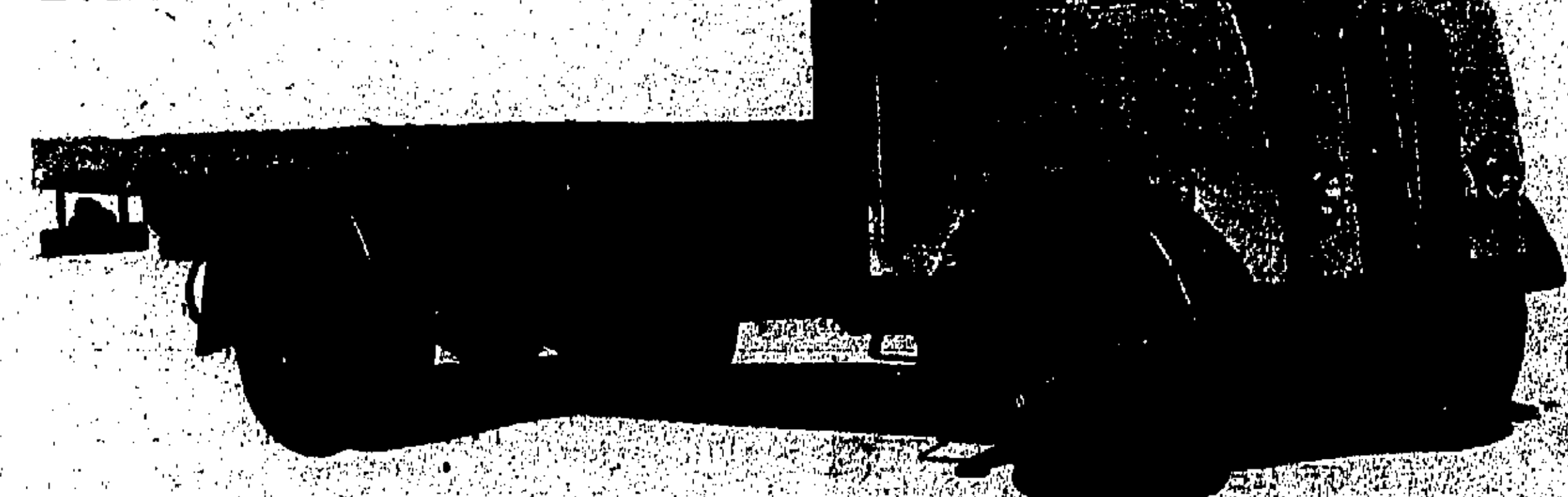
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ALICE MEMORIAL & AFFILIATED HOSPITALS

The Annual Meeting of the above Hospitals will be held on Thursday, July 10th, 1941, at 5.15 p.m. at Dr. S. W. Ts'o's office, Messrs. Ts'o and Hodgson, Prince's Building, (1st floor).

R. M. ALDERTON,
Secretary.

NOTICE

EXIT PERMITS.

Compliance with Defence Regulation No. 806 which requires all British and Aliens males, having attained the age of 16 years, with the exception of persons of Chinese race, to obtain exit permits in order to leave the Colony, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that persons to whom the Exit Permit Regulations apply, who intend travelling to Macao by the Hong Kong, Canton & Macao Steamboat Company's Steamer, S. S. "Taishan" can obtain their passage tickets at the Company's office situated at No. 1 Queen's Building, Connaught Road, or on board the steamer on presentation of their Exit Permits.

NOTICE

HONG KONG TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Interim Dividend.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an INTERIM DIVIDEND of FOUR per cent (4%) for the six months ending 30th June, 1941, amounting to FORTY cents per share on the Fully Paid Up Shares and TEN cents per share on the Partly Paid Up Shares of the Company will be paid on MONDAY the 14th July, 1941, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Registered Office of the Company, Exchange Building, 4th floor.

The TRANSFER BOOKS OF the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, the 2nd July to SATURDAY, 12th July, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. P. SHERRY,
Managing Director.
Hong Kong, 13th June, 1941.

THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETING.

The SIXTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Offices of the General Managers, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Pedder Street, Hong Kong, on Thursday, 10th July, 1941, at noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, passing the Accounts, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 3rd July to the 24th July inclusive.

By order of the Board,
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
General Managers.
Hong Kong, 14th May, 1941.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 14th day of July, 1941, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Cheung Sha Wan, in the Colony of Hong Kong for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 24 years less the last three days thereof.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
No. 4816	At junction of "Chuan Street and Pak Tsang Street, Cheung Sha Wan	As per sale plan.	About 14,960	292	11,016

The purchaser of the lot will be required to pay to the auctioneer in cash the sum of \$1,102.00 (being 10% of the upset price) immediately after the fall of the hammer, the balance of the premium being paid in accordance with the Conditions of Sale.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 14th day of July, 1941, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Ma Tau Chung, in the Colony of Hong Kong for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
No. 4816	At junction of "Chuan Street and Pak Tsang Street, Cheung Sha Wan	As per sale plan.	About 14,960	292	11,016

The purchaser of the lot will be required to pay to the auctioneer in cash the sum of \$1,116.00 (being 10% of the upset price) immediately after the fall of the hammer, the balance of the premium being paid in accordance with the Conditions of Sale.

The Daily Press

Editorial and Business Office:
15-19, Queen's Road Central.
Tel. 33225.
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London Office: 53, Fleet Street
E.C.4.

HONGKONG, JULY 9, 1941.

NAZI ACTIVITY IN JAPAN

IN THE COURSE of his message to Chinese people on the occasion of the Fourth Anniversary of the Sino-Japanese hostilities, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek called attention to the widening sphere of Axis aggression in Europe and Asia and warned the anti-Asian Powers against underestimating possible moves by Japan as a result of the latest developments in the international situation. Confirmation of this view is contained in reports that have emerged from Tokyo of increasing Nazi influence in the Japanese capital pointing to the steady infiltration of German Fifth Columnists whose activities are aimed, obviously, at an attempt to get Japan involved in the war on behalf of the Axis bloc. As a result of this report, the truth of which is vouched for by reliable sources, a fresh crop of rumours have sprung up in the direction in which Japan may move and speculation is today divided between the possibility of a Japanese attempt to strike at Russia through her back door or a decision to seize the opportunity of the moment to continue her much-talked-of expansion southwards.

SOME OBSERVERS believe that Japan may strike in both directions simultaneously, while others yet again hold that Japan is determined to avoid creating a major conflict in the Pacific until she sees how Herr Hitler is faring on his new battlefield. The last view is, perhaps, the better estimate of Japan's position and the indications of intensified Nazi activities in Tokyo seem to confirm this. If the general trend of opinion in Japanese political circles is to "wait and see," it probably accounts for the sudden intensification of Nazi influence there to try and convince Japan that Herr Hitler's attack on Russia is going well according to schedule and that she should have no fears as to the result. There are in Japan certain extremists of Nipponese policy who will be ready to accept these Nazi persuasions, despite the fact that they have received convincing testimony through twenty-two months of the war of Nazi perfidy in every undertaking and pledge they have given.

HOW FAR this clique in Japan will be able to make the more cautious-minded leaders of Japan accept their views is again a matter of speculation. Statements made by Government spokesmen recently have all tended to show that they are unwilling to embark on any fresh adventure until they are sure of their ability not only to cope with such a new situation, but of getting out of the morass they have got into in China without loss of face. The facts and figures given by China's leaders in reviewing the four years of war which have just closed and the expressed determination of the Chinese to continue the fight with fresh vigour

GOVERNOR PAYS VISIT TO H.M.S. CORNFLOWER

Naval Volunteers Commended On Keeness, Discipline

His Excellency the Governor, Sir Geoffrey Northcote, visited the H.M.S. Cornflower, training ship of the Hongkong Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve, at 4 p.m. yesterday.

On arrival at the Naval Dockyard, His Excellency was met by the Commodore, Captain the Hon. A. C. Collinson, R.N., Capt. L. G. H. A. Campbell, D.S.O., R.N., Commander J. Petrie, O.B.E., D.S.C. (Commandant, H.K.R.V.N.R.), Lieut.-Comdr. R. J. Vernal, Lieut.-Comdr. S. J. Swetland, Pay Lieut. A. Sommerfeldt and Lieut.-Comdr. J. C. M. Grenham (Officer Instructor).

His Excellency inspected a Guard of Honour formed by Chinese Seamen under the command of Warrant Officer G. R. Divett. In the rear of the Guard branches of the H.K.R.V.N.R. were formed in a hollow square. Officers and Warrant Officers of the Executive and Minewatching branch, Chinese seamen and ratings of the Communication branch took part in the parade.

Addressing the Company, HE said:

HIS EXCELLENCY

Officers and Men of the Hongkong Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve:

I am sorry and shocked to think how long a time it is since I last had the pleasure of addressing you officially and I find it difficult to comprise in a few words my appreciation and admiration of the vast strides which the Reserve has taken since then.

Today your functions extend far beyond the range which was envisaged by those who brought the Force into being seven years ago; that is due to three causes: (1) the demands which war makes; (2) your zeal; (3) your efficiency.

A notable example of that expansion is the Mine Watching Branch and another, which has but recently occurred is the manning of ships which have gone to take part in the sea warfare being waged by the Empire, far from this Colony's water.

WATCH AND WARD

Since the British Empire went to war nearly two years ago you have kept watch and ward over the inner sea defences of this Colony by continuous services in auxiliary patrol craft and on mine watching stations.

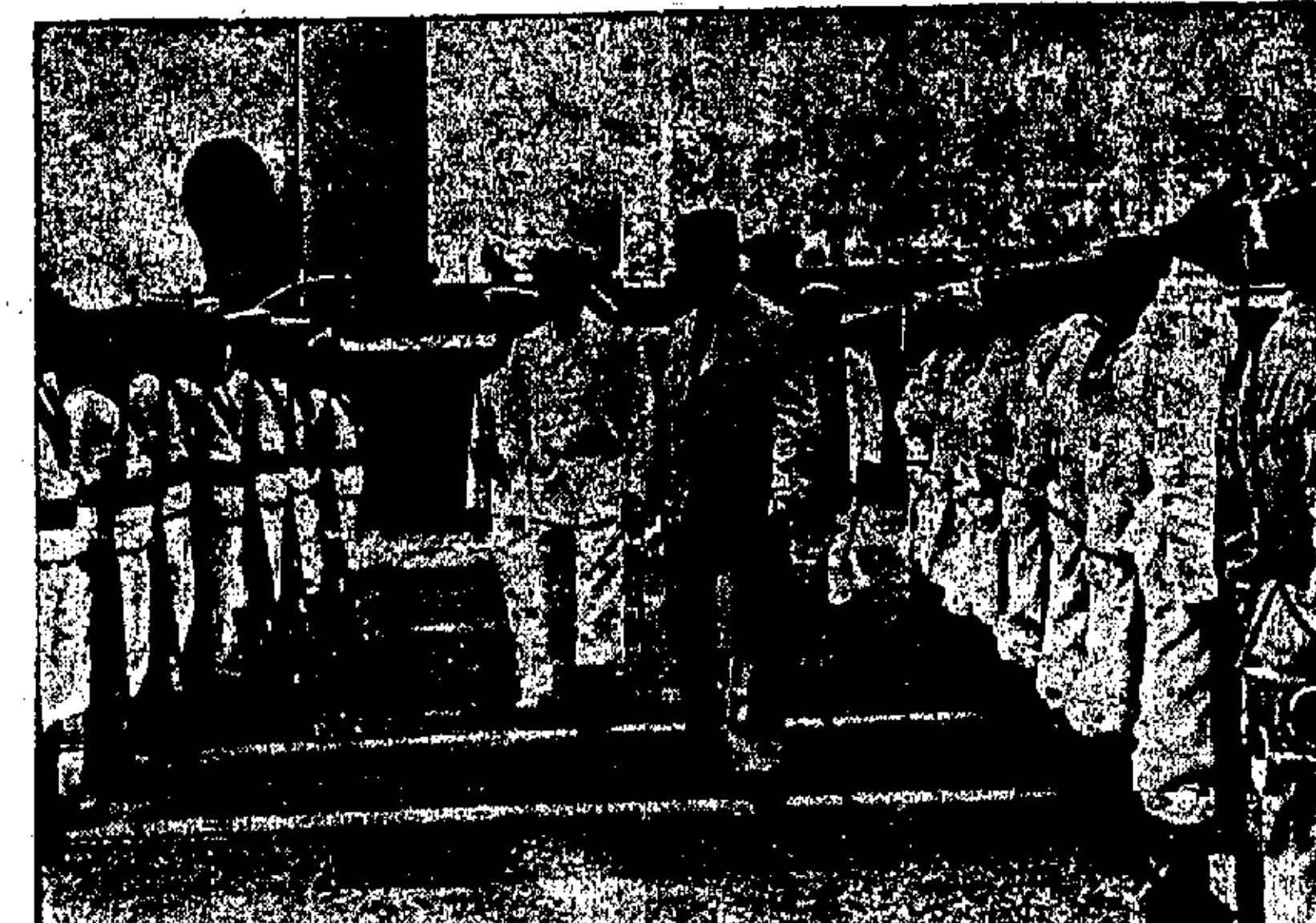
You have been the means of training several naval officers, who today are serving in the British Navy elsewhere, under the scheme offered by this Colony to the Admiralty; one of them, I learned today, was serving aboard H. M. S. Rodney

supported as they now will be by the great Democracies of the west, must be causing grave misgivings in Japan as to the future of their ill-fated "China Incident."

THIS IS the impression that has been growing steadily in Japan, particularly among the people, who, forming as they do an important factor in Japan's economic life, have become more and more nervous of any further burdens being thrust on them. Unfortunately for them, however, the militarists command such sway in Japan's political life that wiser counsels have in vain tried to prevail against them in the past. Nazi propagandists have undoubtedly been at work in playing on these war-minded leaders and have fired them with a desire to emulate the so-called blitz successes of the Axis war-machine in Europe. Whatever Japan may decide to do as a result of the evil promptings of Herr Hitler's agents, one thing is certain and that is that Britain and the United States will stand shoulder to shoulder with China in defending their rights and interests in the Orient. There has been no faltering in this decision and the news of the latest move by President Roosevelt in sending American troops to safeguard Iceland's independence and neutrality is a further guarantee to Japan of the extent of Anglo-American co-operation in every sphere

when she sank the German pocket-battleship "Bismarck". Locally, officers from the Reserve are commanding motor torpedo boats, while ratings belonging to the Communication Branch have been lent to other Naval services.

Lastly, in recent months you have been able to meet the Empire's needs in another sphere than the purely militant by cutting down your requirements in mobilised personnel to a minimum you have been able to provide men who are or soon will be filling necessary



H.E. the Governor inspecting the guard of honour on the occasion of his visit to H.M.S. Cornflower yesterday afternoon.—(King's Service.)

posts in the civil defence services. That is a new departure and I fully recognise the self-sacrifice of those who have made it possible.

MEN FROM OTHER PORTS

I am glad to know that among you there are now many volunteers from Shanghai and other ports of the Far East who have answered to the call of duty in defence of the Empire and as your honorary Captain bid them warmly welcome.

While I was away on leave one of the oldest and most respected members of our community here in Hongkong lent to us the highly useful vessel which is lying just off this quay, and which I am just about to inspect. General Norton acknowledged the generous and public-spirited action of Sir Robert Ho Tung in words which I can do no better than to endorse fully. It was a most timely helpful act.

HIGH EFFICIENCY

It gives me a sense of joy and pride to see you here smart, alert and to know from the Commodore and from your Commanding Officer of your high efficiency. Most of those ashore whom you are guarding day and night, have little idea how arduous is your life nor of the dangers which you are called to face. So it always is with the Navy and so also with the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve, along with whom the Navy proudly serves. For your keenness and high standard of training and discipline I commend you heartily and I wish you the best of luck in the days to come.

The Governor and party then inspected H.M.S. Cornflower and the Auxiliary Patrol Vessels operated by the Reserves.

FATAL LANDSLIDE AT KOWLOON CITY

While fourteen workmen were loading sand on to a string of trolleys at the foot of the hill where the old Victoria Home once stood, about 8 a.m. yesterday, tons of sand became dislodged and went rumbling down the side of the hill facing Ma Tau Chung Rd. Six of the coolies escaped in time but the other eight were caught in the onslaught.

Rescue operations were commenced immediately on the arrival of the Sanitary Department van and coolies. Five of the victims were extricated and sent to Kowloon Hospital. Later, the bodies of the remaining two—Li Kwong, 34, and Tang Kiu, 33—were recovered and sent to the Mortuary. Another coolie, nicknamed Chul, was at first thought to have been buried under the sand and disinterred operations were not suspended until a little after 10 a.m. when he returned to the scene of the

THE WAR IN THE AIR: BOMBING HAS NOT YET WON A WAR—BUT IT STILL MAY, SAYS AVIATION EXPERT

"Bombing has not yet won a war, but there is still a possibility that it may win a war in the future, so watch what the R.A.F. does now with special interest," declared MAJOR OLIVER STEWART, M.C., A.F.C., the recognised authority on aerial warfare, when he broadcast from London yesterday and discussed the effects of the long-range bombing raids now being carried out by the R.A.F.

"In general, I want to say air strength against the Russians, while we are using our extra air strength against the Germans in Germany." Major Stewart declared that the British air offensive was not the wild and much boasted offensives carried out by the Germans. The British had got together most of the machines they could spare for this work and had begun to fling them over Germany. These attacks were now being made in a manner that would enable the R.A.F. to sustain and augment them and nothing would stop it now unless the German air force could do so.

FUTURE BOMBING

"I am now beginning to wonder about what the effect of air bombing may be in the future. Today, the Germans are using their extra

air strength against the Russians,

Major Stewart declared that the British air offensive was not the wild and much boasted offensives carried out by the Germans. The British had got together most of the machines they could spare for this work and had begun to fling them over Germany. These attacks were now being made in a manner that would enable the R.A.F. to sustain and augment them and nothing would stop it now unless the German air force could do so.

"I have now been looking back to see what is a country's power to withstand air attacks by night and day," continued Major Stewart. "The British have stood up to day and night bombing very well, but that need not be a good guide to future possibilities."

WELL PREPARED

"The point is that the British have now been well prepared for horrors and they are ready for them, but, in effect, Germany is now about to be subjected to heavier bombing than Britain has received. The R.A.F. is going to continue slogging Germany harder and harder. It is possible that this steady bombing will completely disorganise German industry and undermine the people's morale. When that happens, bombing will go back to the prediction that I have forecasted."

Major Stewart said that a former Italian general held the theory that enormous mass bombing attacks on a country would soon knock it "clean out" but the idea was not taken seriously.

"This war shows that sustained bombing of a country will need machines capable of carrying large bombs and flying at a high speed," continued Major Stewart. "It may be that such machines capable of such speeds will be attained."

RESULTS MULTIPLIED

"Suppose Britain was able in the course of the next year or so, with the aid she is getting from the United States, to create a bomber force immensely larger than anything seen yet? The bombing results in that case may be multiplied a hundred-fold."

"When two air forces meet, one has eventually to obtain the ascendancy and when resistance is overcome, it is easy to keep going. It finds its task is easier."

"So, if Britain is able to gain complete superiority in aircraft, she may be able to break down all German resistance. If she can do this, we shall be able to unleash such a tremendous and sustained bombing offensive that Germany may be unable to stand up to it and at the same time maintain her war effort."

"Bombing has not yet won a war, but there is still a possibility that it may win a war in the future. So watch what the R.A.F. does now with special interest," concluded Major Stewart.

Dr. Wellington Koo And World Peace

LONDON, July 8. (Reuter)

Britain, United States, the Soviet Union and China, with other liberty-loving nations, constitute a world-wide front against aggression, declared Dr. Wellington Koo, the Chinese Ambassador at a London meeting yesterday of the China Campaign Committee.

"Alliance or no alliance," he said, "victory or defeat of one will have influence and far-reaching effect upon the others. The closer their collaboration the surer and sooner will be their final victory."

China, believed with greater conviction than ever that a world order of peace and security could only be built on the principle of collective security and mutual aid. After four years of war, China has reached a stage of development which is a source of pride and confidence in China.

ASSISTANT AT CATHEDRAL

Rev. C. A. Higgins To Serve

We are fortunate, says the St. John's Review, in having obtained the services of the REV. C. A. HIGGINS, B.A., B.D., as Assistant at the Cathedral for the next few months at least.

Mr. Higgins, who is a priest of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States of America, that is, the Church in America which corresponds to the Church of England, is already known to us in Hongkong. Only a year ago he was studying language in Hongkong, and often gave help at the Cathedral in his capacity as Diocesan Auxiliary Priest.

SPLENDID SERVICE

Previous to this, and his marriage to Miss Mary Tyng, he did splendid service for the International Red Cross and other bodies doing similar work by transporting medical supplies over the Burma Road.

In a cosmopolitan place like Hongkong it is most desirable that the Cathedral should have a staff which will make various groups of the congregation feel at home.

The Cathedral Council have recognised for some time that the ideal is to have Chinese, American and English Priests on the staff. So that with Mr. Higgins' appointment two-thirds of the plan is realised.

WENT FOR WALK

On being asked by the foreman and a Police officer where he had been to, Chul, not realising that his fate had been the concern of over 20 persons, humbly replied, "I have been for a walk." The injured were Lam Man-kee, 44, foreman, who sustained serious injuries and has been detained in Hospital; Lam Wing, Muk Shek, Au Tin and Chub Tuck who were all discharged after receiving treatment.

PRIMARY AIM OF FIFTH COLUMN IN JAPAN

Continued from Page 1.

many. This, however, is contingently dependent on future developments.

WHAT NAZIS WANT

What Germany wants today, and what the Nazi Fifth Column is working twenty-four hours daily to achieve, is an immediate Japan-America war—a conflict which the Nazis are certain will be brought about if they can induce Japan to launch a campaign against Singapore and the Dutch East Indies.

Pressure has been brought on all German nationals in Japan by methods which are familiar.

Take the case of Dr. Kurt Singer, Professor of Economics at the Tokyo Imperial University from 1935 to 1937, and who has been forced to leave Hamburg University because he is a Jew. Renewal of his contract with the Tokyo Imperial University was refused, following pressure from the German Embassy.

IMPORTANT CONTACTS

When the Nazi Party in Japan gained strength, important contacts were established with influential Japanese—pro Germans of the old school, the "young officer" class in the Army and political malcontents of a variety. A good example of this contact method is seen in the case of the Tokoku, the most Fascist minded Party in Japan and headed by Seigo Nakano, who is noted for the toughness of "Gorotsuki" in his pay.

Dr. Walther Donat, Director of the Japan-German Cultural Institute, first met this uncultured personality in the fall of 1938. Thereafter the Tokoku took a prominent part in the anti-British demonstrations in July 1939 and again in March 1940. Its members were right out in front of the assault on the gates of the British Embassy.

Just after the war broke out in Europe, Nakano's private secretary, Tadao Murata, took a job in the German Embassy as contact man and go-between. His intimate knowledge of the patriotic societies and their personnel has been of infinite value to the Fifth Column in reaching other organisations and individuals.

German "cultural" (war) films provide another effective approach.

More than 3,000 German "documentary" films have been shown in Japan since the European war, all glorifications of the totalitarian State and "blitzkrieg" warfare.

In the same period, only one British film was shown, a feeble propaganda effort about the beauties of the English countryside. Since May 1940, Home Office officials have refused to pass a British cultural film, 20 of which were pre-war products.

PRESSURE ON FOREIGNERS
Early in 1937, Franz Huber, one-time Nazi Storm-Trooper, was appointed Information Officer in the Japanese Home Office, under the terms of the Anti-Comintern Pact. In this position he could exercise pressure on all foreigners in Japan and on all operations of the Japanese Government.

The Nazi Fifth Column has been able also to exercise sweeping censorship over the Japanese Press by virtue of its agents in the Home Office. All news favourable to Britain is toned down or eliminated altogether. All German successes are received with the widest possible emphasis.

Beirut Food Situation Intolerable

JERUSALEM, July 8 (Reuter)—Messages reaching Jerusalem from Beirut show that the food situation in Beirut has become almost intolerable.

The Vichy authorities are reported to be searching private houses and confiscating any food stocks they find.

Several prominent Lebanese are reported to be arrested for petitioning General Dentis to declare Beirut an open town.

It is learned that a Vichy aircraft dropped a large bomb near the principal mosque in Sidon on Sunday night.

ADVANCE CONTINUED
LONDON, July 8 (Reuter)—Allied mechanized troops in Syria are continuing their advance westwards from Palmyra and have reached a point 18 miles to the east of Hama.

Lyttleton, Auchinleck Interviewed

MR. OLIVER LYTTLETON, the new Minister of State who is representing the War Cabinet in the Middle East, and GENERAL SIR CLAUDE AUCHINLECK, the new Commander-in-Chief, Middle East, in succession to General Sir Archibald Wavell, both gave interviews in Cairo on Monday.

Mr. Lyttleton said that his main function would be to take over some of the vast number of duties that were hitherto held by the C-in-C. He would also be in close and immediate touch with the Prime Minister and would supervise the administration of conquered enemy territory. Supplies and shipping priorities would also be dealt with by him.

Gen. Auchinleck said: "If this war is to be won properly, not half-heartedly, it must not be in Europe. It must be in Germany and on German soil. The Germans must be beaten like Napoleon was beaten."

Mrs. Winant Admired By London Wives

LONDON, July 8 (British Wire)—Seventeen firemen from the Cathford area of London and their wives had tea yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Winant, wife of the U.S. Ambassador here.

This was the outcome of a letter received by Mrs. Winant from the wife of a London fireman in Cathford.

The writer said she wanted Mrs. Winant to know that her coming to England to join the Ambassador had "roused the admiration of all wives and mothers in London especially those who know what an uncomfortable experience it was to endure a blitz in order to keep the home fire burning. She added the hope that Anglo-American co-operation would endure."

Expressing appreciation of the spirit underlying the letter, Mrs. Winant sent out the invitation.

JAPAN BRANDED SOURCE OF PRESENT WORLD CONFLAGRATION

CHUNGKING, July 8 (Central)—GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK yesterday addressed a message to friendly Powers on the occasion of the Fourth anniversary of the Sino-Japanese war, branding Japan the source of the present world conflagration and urging close co-operation among all the democratic countries to defeat the forces of aggression.

CHINA PREPARED FOR LONG WAR

CHUNGKING, July 8 (Reuter)—"China is fully prepared to continue the war for four or 14 more years if necessary in order to win the final victory," declared Dr. Quo Tai-chi, China's Foreign Minister, in a broadcast to America yesterday.

General Chiang called the attention of the friendly Powers to three salient points. First, General Chiang said, the flame of the present world conflagration was ignited by Japan's attack on Mukden on September 18, 1931. The Anti-Comintern Pact

of 1936 emboldened her and marked the beginning of the present world turmoil. Subsequently, she conspired with Germany and Italy to form the Tripartite Pact and proclaimed the so-called "New Order in East Asia." Further, the Japanese have established naval bases on Hainan Island and in French Indo-China.

Tracing the source of the present world war and the course of its extension, Japan is really the tinder box which kindled the flame of the world war. Unless and until the Japanese menace is eliminated, there will be no end to the world disturbance and no peace to mankind.

Secondly, the success or failure of the war in the future depends primarily on whether the strength of the anti-aggressor nations can be expanded in Asia. Both in population and resources, Asia is the richest Continent of the world. If Asia, America and all the European Democracies can consolidate themselves under the banner of anti-aggression and co-operate closely, the Democracies will be sure of victory and the forces of aggression will be ultimately wiped out.

IMPORTANCE OF PACIFIC

All the Pacific Powers must fully recognize the importance of the Pacific is not below that of the Atlantic and in fact the position of Asia is more important than that of Europe. The more serious the European situation, the more imperative and urgent is the destruction of Japan's power of aggression.

General Chiang further pointed out that China has fought a hard struggle for the past four years not only for own self-preservation but also in the performance of her sacred duty to the mankind of the world. For the sake of their own interests and the future of world order, he said, the friendly Powers should first suppress the ringleader of the present world war, Japan.

Thirdly, inasmuch as the division of the aggressor nations and the anti-aggressor nations is clear and that Japan, Germany and Italy have formed an aggression bloc, General Chiang urged all the peace-loving and freedom-loving nations of the world to unite in the common struggle against the force of aggression.

WOP PRISONERS FOR KENYA

In the House of Commons yesterday, Capt. E. D. Margashan said that in accordance with the policy of removing Italian prisoners from the theatres of war they were being sent to various parts of the British Commonwealth, including India, and it was also proposed to send some to Kenya.

Replying to a question regarding the treatment of the Duke of Aosta, the War Secretary stated that according to the information received, the Duke was being treated in a different way to any other Italian officer.

U.S.-German Clash

Continued from Page 1.

The DAILY EXPRESS said that the decision had transformed the Atlantic into an Anglo-American lake and had given Britain supreme aid and not only in the Battle of the Atlantic.

In a broadcast from London last night, Major Allen Murray said that the secret of the landing of American troops in Iceland was well kept though the decision announced by the President did not come as a surprise to him.

FRONTIERS EXTENDED
The DAILY MAIL, says British Wireless, sees more in the move than lifting of the burden from British shoulders in the garrisoning of Iceland.

"In effect," it says, "the President has extended his country's frontiers across 4,000 miles of ocean. He has established a startling and courageous precedent in the history of the United States."

An almost identical point of view is put forward in the DAILY EXPRESS.

SERIOUS WARNING
LONDON, July 8 (Reuter)—What amounts to a serious warning against any yielding to threats from the Japanese Government has been given by Mr. Paul McNutt, President Roosevelt's Federal Security Administrator, in an editorial.

The newspaper adds: "Nothing had yet occurred in the war against Russia to suggest a successful issue for Germany's latest and most desperate campaign of aggression, but in Tokyo wishful thinking has been a powerful influence on policy ever since the ill-starred Chinese adventure embarked upon in 1937."

"It is as well then that warnings such as this now uttered in Washington should be given. It should also be borne in mind that Great Britain is entirely resolved to maintain to the utmost her immense interests in the Pacific."

HONGKONG POSITION
The security of Australia is the prime imperial concern: our position in Malaya and Hongkong is not to be surrendered; and we have now an immense new field of interest in the protection of the Dutch East Indies from any measure of aggression.

"All our apparatus of defence in the Far East has been for a long time past undergoing formidable expansion. Should there be any threat of danger, whether by way of French Indo-China or from any other quarter, measures will be taken to deal with it."

It is our intention to keep open the traffic with China by way of the Burma Road. Japanese statesmen have every reason for hesitating to take any action that could be construed as hostile to Great Britain.

IN NO CONDITION
After a full four years of exhausting and utterly unsuccessful war in China, the Japanese people are in no condition to be launched upon any enterprise so reckless as a challenge of Russian power. They are too weary of the war.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We are proud to announce the acquisition of America's quality shoe in the popular price field—Jarman Shoes for Men. They're known by millions for their style, quality and fit—and they sell at America's best price for fine shoes. Come in and inspect the season's newest styles.

Jarman
SHOES FOR MEN



THE WING-ON CO., LTD.

RUSSO-GERMAN CONFLICT DISCUSSED AT WEEKLY R.A.F. LUNCHEON IN S'HA

The German-Soviet war and the reasons for the attack of Germany on a country that had been supplying the Reich with raw materials and petroleum were dealt with by MR. H. G. W. WOODHEAD, C.B.E., editor of the "ORIENTAL AFFAIRS," in an address given at the weekly luncheon of the ROYAL AIR FORCE ASSOCIATION at the Dome, Shanghai, recently, reports the North China Daily News.

In his address, Mr. Woodhead spoke of Hitler's treachery toward the U.S.S.R., of his cynical claims in calling this war a struggle between Christianity and Atheism, and of the revolting reason given by the Germans in Ankara about the need of "Russian prisoners as labourers since the French are useless, being tired and unwarlike."

Following are the excerpts of the address:

RUTHLESS THEORIES
"It is a solemn but inescapable thought that those of us who are alive today are living through the greatest crisis that has ever threatened civilization. This crisis is of such magnitude as to appear to many of us to be utterly fantastic—to be a bad dream from which some morning we shall awake to say: 'However I could have dreamed such nonsense of such horrors?' Unfortunately, it is not merely a nightmare. The crisis is so real and so acute that the next few months or even weeks may decide the fate of civilization."

"Not a month ago anyone who had suggested that the Reich would today be at war with Soviet Russia would have been regarded as suffering from delusions. For it then appeared that nothing could be less likely to accrue to Hitler's advantage than such a conflict. He might not have been securing all the raw materials and food which he had hoped from the U.S.S.R., but he was free to concentrate all his malevolent energies against the British Empire. Had he not just persuaded Soviet Russia and Japan to sign a non-aggression pact which excluded Japan from any obligation to come to Germany's assistance if she attacked the U.S.S.R.?"

REPUGNANT SYSTEM
"And so we find ourselves supporting one form of dictatorship which we dislike against another which we now hate with all our being. It may be of some interest to give a brief background to the curious situation."

"Mr. Woodhead then spoke of the inauguration of the Bolshevik regime in Russia and the part Germany had played in it. Claiming that the Bolshevik system was and is repugnant to all real democracies, the speaker nevertheless stressed the fact that from 1920 to 1939 the Soviets entered into alliances and other commitments designed to check aggression, the only thing in the favour."

The extension of Soviet representatives at the meeting in Munich, an affront that Stalin was unlikely to forget and which in 1939 rendered all attempts to conclude an Anglo-Franco-Russian defensive alliance a failure, was also recalled by the speaker since, he said, the Soviet dictator took the view that Britain and France were endeavouring to enmesh him with the Reich, while dodging their own commitments.

SHOCK DESPERATION
Hitler attacked U.S.S.R. out of sheer desperation probably due to the British blockade with Hitler needing foodstuffs, raw materials and petroleum. Another subsidiary and even more revolting reason has been tactically given by Germany in Ankara, who have stated that Reich needs Russian prisoners as labourers since French prisoners are useless because they are tired and unwarlike. Nothing could be more fantastic than the suggestion that this madman of Berlin is a martyr between Christianity and Atheism. A crusade to save civilization."

"We may conclude by saying that the principles of the R.A.F. are to defend the world against the forces of aggression and to maintain the peace."

There can be no doubt of our own attitude. It may be amusing to imagine that the R.A.F. is a purely British institution. In fact, it is a truly international organization. The R.A.F. is the only organization in the world which is truly international. It is the only organization in the world which is truly international. It is the only organization in the world which is truly international.

LAMMERTS AUCTIONS PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions

to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

on

Friday, the 11th July, 1941
commencing at 2.30 p.m.

at their Sales Room, No. 35, Han-kow Road, Kowloon.

A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

comprising:—

Teakwood Drawing Room, Dining Room, Bed Room and Office Furniture, Ornaments, Curios, Pictures, Clocks, Cutlery, Electric Fans and Lamps, Gramophones and Records, E. P. Brass, Glass and Porcelain Ware, Cooking Utensils, etc., etc.

also

A FEW PIECES OF BLACKWOOD FURNITURE

and

2 Chromium Plated Figures
2 Cooking Stoves
1 Electric Stove
1 Refrigerator
1 Pair Binoculars in Case
1 Enamel Bath
1 Perambulator
1 Outboard Motor with Battery
1 "Chanticleer" All Wave Radio A.C./D.C.
1 "Emerson" Portable Radio A.C./D.C. (1941 model)

On View from Thursday, the 10th July, 1941.

Terms: Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,
AUCTIONEERS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions

to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

on

Tuesday, the 15th July, 1941.
commencing at 5.15 p.m.

at their Sales Room, No. 2, Connaught Road, Central, 2nd Floor.

A VALUABLE COLLECTION OF POSTAGE STAMPS

Terms: Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,
AUCTIONEERS.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE

From 9 to 16 July 1941.

Days of Week	Date	High Water		Low Water	
		Time	Height	Time	Height
Wed.	9	6.24	7.9	1.12	2.0
Thu.	10	6.54	7.8	1.08	1.9
Fri.	11	7.27	7.4	1.04	1.8
Sat.	12	7.59	6.9	1.00	1.7
Sun.	13	8.11	6.4	0.96	1.6
Mon.	14	8.42	5.9	0.92	1.5
Tue.	15	8.53	5.4	0.88	1.4

ROUND THE POLICE COURTS

AT CENTRAL

MILK SUMMONS

A summons against Wong Man-hing, of the S. Hung Lee Dairy Company, No. 41, Hollywood Road, ground floor, for selling milk which did not comply with the standard prescribed by the Adulterated Food and Drugs Ordinance was dismissed by Mr. Sheldon yesterday.

Health Inspector T. Seddon prosecuted, while Mr. H. L. Kwan appeared for defendant.

THREW DIRTY WATER

An Indian Police reservist, in plainclothes, happened to be passing a shop at Hing Lung Street, when some water was splashed out from it and soiled his white suit.

Before Mr. Lowry yesterday.

Pang Hon, 60, shop fooki of No. 29, Hing Lung Street, ground floor, was fined \$5 and also ordered to pay \$1 compensation to P. C. R800, Gurbachan Singh, on a charge of throwing a quantity of filthy water on the latter.

Insp. S. C. Saunders prosecuted.

GAMBLING RAID

As a sequel of a raid conducted by a party of Police led by Mr. E. C. Luscombe, A. B. P., and Det. Sgt. W. G. Morrison on No. 6, Wing Wo Street, second floor, which was described as "one of the largest gambling establishments in the Colony," three persons were charged before Mr. Lowry yesterday with keeping a common gaming house for the purpose of "pal kau," and 19 with gambling in the premises.

One alleged keeper and four gamblers failed to appear and had their bail of \$250 and \$10 each respectively estreated.

Pleading guilty, Li Yee, 28, was fined \$150, or two months' hard labour, and the 15 gamblers present were fined \$10 or 14 days.

Two alleged keepers, Pang Wing, 18, and Li Kai, 24, denied both charges and were remanded until Saturday on \$10 bail each.

Table money, totalling \$7.68, picked up in the raid was placed in the Poor Box.

TRAFFIC SUMMONSES

Summoned before Mr. Sheldon yesterday for parking their cars in excess of the time limit at public car parks, H. D. Bidwell, of Messrs. Gibbs, Livingston and Company, Ltd., T. V. N. Fortescue, of No. 3, Peak Mansions, and Marc Pelt, of Messageries Maritimes, Queen's Building, were each fined \$5.

For leaving his car unattended in Chater Road, G. J. P. Carey, of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Company, Ltd., was fined \$5.

A summons against Mrs. E. C. Frederick, of "White House," No. 177, Repulse Bay, alleging parking car No. 3071 overtime at the Pedder Street car park on June 16, was adjourned for a week.

PEAK BURGLARY

The residence of Mr. C. J. Waddell and Dr. J. E. Dovey at No. 1 Flat, No. 462, The Peak, was burgled last Friday. Articles to the total value of \$313 were stolen.

This incident was revealed when an unemployed, Li Hon, 26, was sentenced to 12 months' hard labour for stealing, by Mr. Sheldon yesterday, and for returning from bailment.

RESERVIST CHARGED

The case in which Police Reservist No. 7115, Li Yu-tong, of No. 228, Queen's Road West, first floor, was charged with demanding \$5.30 from an 18-year-old boy, Lam Shing-tai, of No. 2, First Street, first floor, on June 26 and again on 27, was adjourned to next Tuesday at noon.

Mr. H. A. de Barros Botelho is for the defence.

AT KOWLOON

STOLE BURIAL URNS

To Cheung, 44, unemployed, appeared before Mr. H. C. Macnamara yesterday, charged with larceny of an earthenware burial urn from the Homantin Cemetery, property of the Government, on July 7.

Det. Sgt. F. Willison, prosecuting, stated that accused went to the Homantin Cemetery about 10 a.m. on July 7 and as he was removing the earth around one of the urns he was arrested by a sanitary foreman, Shing Chak-yu.

On June 27, accused also stole one urn from the cemetery which he sold to a Chinese male for \$1.30. He repeated this on July 6 and sold an urn to another Chinese male for the same amount.

Sgt. Willison asked his Worship to take a solemn view of the case.

TAIKOO DOCKS TURNERS AND FITTERS

Protesting against the alleged dismissal of one of their fellow-workers, between 250 and 300 turners and fitters at the Taikoo Docks resigned and demanded to be paid off over the week-end.

Informed officially that the man concerned had not been dismissed but had resigned, the men persisted that he had been dismissed and requested to be allowed to resign.

The men were accordingly paid off on Monday and a notice was put up on the gates stating that there were vacancies for turners and fitters.

It was learned yesterday that some 80 per cent. of the men who had resigned and been paid off had reapplied for their jobs and had been taken on again.

as during the past three months about 60 urns have been missing. Sentence of seven months' hard labour was imposed.

TRAFFIC SUMMONSES

Leung Tin-su, owner of private car No. 5538, was fined \$10 by Mr. Macnamara yesterday when he was summoned for failing to pull his car to the left side of the road to allow an Emergency Unit Van to pass on June 3, about 3 p.m. while the van was proceeding in answer to a fire call.

Sgt. W. Rothwell, who was on duty on the van at the time, was the complainant.

T. Henny, owner of private car No. 1389, was yesterday fined \$5 when he was summoned for failing to report an accident which occurred on June 7, between his car and rickshaw No. 2.

Sub-Insp. Brittain prosecuted.

INDIAN FINED

Pala Singh, 60, watchman of the Kowloon Hospital, appeared before Mr. D. N. Anderson yesterday when he was charged with avoiding payment of bus fare while travelling on Kowloon Motor Bus No. 600 at Nathan Road on July 4 at 7.42 p.m.

Accused was convicted and fined \$15 Sub-Insp. Collins prosecuted.

SEAMAN JUMPS BAIL

John Burns, 27, fireman on board an American liner, had his bail of \$5 estreated by Mr. Anderson yesterday when he failed to answer a charge of behaving in a disorderly manner by fighting in Nathan Road, on July 7.

FACTORY FOREMAN FINED

Further nearing in the case in which Chen Chai-lang, 24, manager of the factory, was charged with stealing 79,000 torchlight bulbs from Mak Lai-lun, proprietor of the Tin Sing Lung Kee Bulb factory, at No. 86, Argyle Street and Nos. 99 and 101, Hak Po St., was concluded before Mr. Anderson yesterday.

It was stated that defendant was employed as foreman by complainant in the factory at \$20 per month and was entrusted with a large quantity of bulbs.

Defendant was fined \$250.

Mr. C. A. Sutherland Russ, assisted by Det. Sgt. J. Johnston, prosecuting, stated that defendant was employed as foreman by complainant in the factory at \$20 per month and was entrusted with a large quantity of bulbs.

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SUMMARY COURT: PREVENTION OF EVICTION ORDINANCE MISUNDERSTOOD BY TENANTS—CRESSALL

THE APPARENT MISUNDERSTANDING WHICH SEEMS TO EXIST AMONG TENANTS regarding the Prevention of Eviction Ordinance was remarked upon by the Police Judge, Mr. Justice F. E. F. Cressall, at the Summary Court yesterday when he reserved judgment till Friday in a case claiming for possession of premises.

His Lordship stated that it appeared that most tenants seemed to be under the impression that the Ordinance was enacted solely for their protection from the landlord and, because of this protection, they thought they could owe rents and still be protected.

That, his Lordship continued, was not the position at all, and pointed out that the Ordinance presupposed that a contractual relationship existed between the tenant and landlord. If a tenant claimed protection under the Ordinance he must prove that such a contractual relationship existed between himself and the landlord and that he had done nothing apart from the carrying out of that relationship.

The case at dispute was that in which Tang Cheong, managing partner of the Kapok Bakery, of No. 1 Rutland Quadrant, Kowloon Tong, claimed possession of the first floor of No. 312 Hennessy Road from To Wing, the tenant.

Plaintiff was represented by Mr. F. I. Zimmerman and defendant by Mr. Alfred Y. Hon.

ENTITLED TO POSSESSION
Plaintiff claimed that he was entitled to possession of the premises which were sub-let to defendant and which were determined by notice to quit in writing given on Mar. 12 and expiring on April 25. Plaintiff also claimed mesne profit at the rate of \$40 a month as from April 26 and also costs of the action.

Mr. Zimmerman said he understood that the defence was that defendant was a protected tenant under the Ordinance but, he submitted, defendant, not having paid his rents within 14 days after it was due, was not entitled to such protection.

Defendant had been a tenant before June 1938. He had been irregular in his rent payments ever since plaintiff became a landlord. Notice to quit was given on Mar. 12 and plaintiff also served notice of distraint on the premises.

RENT IN ARREARS
Plaintiff said, in evidence, that defendant was always two or three months in arrears. He has made demands for payment of rents through Tse Yan-wah, his shroff. Defendant stated that no demands for payment were made on him before the issue of the distress warrant. The reason he did not pay rents for a few months was that because Hui Wing-kwong, the rent collector, had promised him \$200 as damages in addition to waiving five months' rents if he was willing to move out.

This was in November and he was given five months to look for alternate accommodation. In February he found suitable premises and approached Hui who showed him a draft agreement. He made several changes and Hui later informed him that the draft had been accepted by the landlord, but two days later he received the distress warrant.

His Lordship said that he would give judgment on Friday morning.

Only one witness was brought up in court Mrs. Palmer-Baker bringing forward her Chinese amah to testify. Witness could throw little light on the assault as she heard only the altercation from inside the house and when she had come out saw only her mistress trying to close the gate on the defendant. Witness declared that she saw a black mark on her employer's face—but it was on the left side.

The case was adjourned at this point without the defendant having yet been called to give his evidence.

Captain Holden and Mr. Chubb had spent some time on board a Japanese naval vessel which had taken them off a launch holding some 30 armed men who had boarded the Fauang in a typhoon anchorage on the Fukien coast and taken the two men off.

Looking at and well and none the worse for his experience, Captain Holden would make no statement to the court yesterday stating that he could not make an affidavit in support of his claim to be a prisoner of war.

Mr. Chubb, who was also a prisoner of war, was called to the witness box and gave evidence in support of his claim to be a prisoner of war.

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S'HAIR BRITON FACES CHARGE FOR ASSAULT

A story of continual animosity between two next-door neighbours that finally led to an alleged assault was unfolded in H. M. Police Court, Shanghai, before Registrar C. H. Haines when Mrs. E. C. Palmer-Baker filed a charge of assault against Mr. D. G. J. Keet accusing the latter of having struck her on the face with his closed fist. The assault was said to have taken place on the evening of June 19 at the entrance of the complainant's home in Passage 318, 3 Route Paul Legendre, reports the North China Daily News.

The complainant, an elderly woman, showed signs of evident distress and, at one stage of the cross-examination by the defendant's counsel, she broke down into tears. Mrs. Palmer-Baker was not represented in court, she was unfamiliar with the routine of the court and on numerous occasions she had to be enlightened on matters of legal procedure by the Registrar. Defendant was represented by Mr. E. L. Hartopp and pleaded not guilty.

MANY GRIEVANCES
It was brought out that Mrs. Palmer-Baker and Mr. Keet had been at logger-heads on various matters; they had disagreed on the right of way to the passage; complainant had objected to the flowers of the defendant growing into her garden, she had also objected to Mr. Keet's placing several boxes of bees on their common fence; on the other hand, defendant had disapproved of the gate to the passage being left open; it was also the contention of the complainant that Mr. Keet had "told on her" when he informed the French police of her building operations which she had begun without obtaining permission.

It was this series of grievances which was said to have led to the assault, that took place at about 8.20 on the evening of June 19.

According to Mrs. Palmer-Baker's evidence, she seen a couple of lady friends to the main gate of the passage. On the way back to her own house, Mr. Keet ran out of his house and shouted, "Why did you leave the gate open?" Complainant said she paid no notice to him as the gate was already closed.

POLICE INFORMED
Thereupon, as she entered her own gate and before she could bolt it, defendant forced open the gate and struck her on the right cheek. She telephoned the matter to the French Police and they took her to the Ste. Marie Hospital for treatment; she was later given a medical certificate by the Country Hospital.

Only one witness was brought up in court Mrs. Palmer-Baker bringing forward her Chinese amah to testify. Witness could throw little light on the assault as she heard only the altercation from inside the house and when she had come out saw only her mistress trying to close the gate on the defendant. Witness declared that she saw a black mark on her employer's face—but it was on the left side.

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DANGER!

Disinfect with 'Dettol'!
Be always ready for accidents—with 'Dettol'. The tiniest scratch is an open door to germs which cause festering and blood poisoning. But 'Dettol' is a safe and powerful antiseptic which instantly kills all germs—cannot hurt the skin—and is non-poisonous. Keep it always handy and apply it to injuries at once.

Agents:
Imperial Chemical
Industries (China) Ltd.,
Hong Kong.

THE MODERN ANTISEPTIC

"Escort Girl" Attacked In Empress Hotel Room

Commital proceedings against two unemployed, HO KI, 24, and YUI MAN, 27, on a charge of having assaulted Lau Sau-king, alias Lo Ming, described as an "escort girl," with intent to rob her at Room 505, Empress Hotel, Connaught Road Central, on May 27, were begun before Mr. G. T. Lowry at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

Det. Insp. J. O'Donovan prosecuted, assisted by Det. Sgt. J. R. Sykes.

Outlining the case, Insp. O'Donovan said that complainant was an "escort girl" by profession, working in a bureau in Bonham Strand.

About 1 a.m. on May 27, in consequence of a telephone call, complainant went to Room 505 of the Empress Hotel, where she saw the two defendants. First defendant was known to her, as he had been a frequent visitor to the bureau, where complainant was employed.

The three talked and played cards until 2.30 a.m., when complainant asked to be disengaged, but was detained by defendants for early tea before leaving.

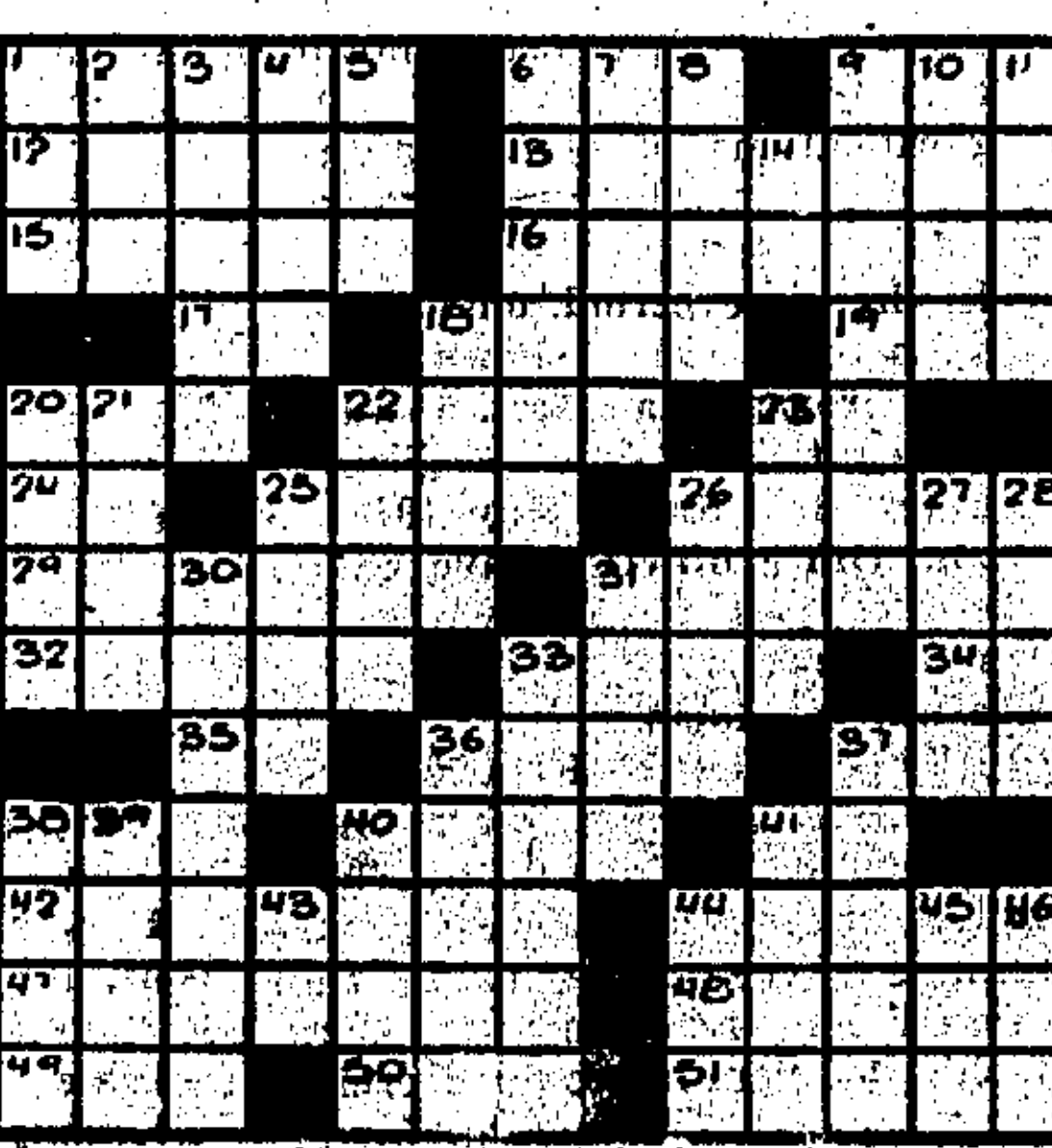
Meantime, second defendant was washing his face and first defendant sitting on the sofa smoking.

Further hearing was fixed for this morning.

CROSSWORD NO. 927

ACROSS

- 1 What Frenchman wrote a famous thesaurus?
- 2 Fairy Queen
- 3 Cavity in the ground
- 4 Harangue
- 5 What is the second in size of the isolated land masses of the globe?
- 6 Claw
- 7 Worker
- 8 Printer's measure
- 9 Mist
- 10 Skill in performance
- 11 Feminine name
- 12 Wise
- 13 By
- 14 Concerning
- 15 Feminine name
- 16 The ones referred to
- 17 What famous mountain ridge in Palestine is on the southern border of Galilee?
- 18 Obliterates
- 19 Prim
- 20 Crustacean
- 21 Symbol for tantalum
- 22 Pronoun
- 23 Musical instrument
- 24 Greek letter
- 25 Foollike part
- 26 Name
- 27 Therefore
- 28 Who guided the Jews through the wilderness?
- 29 Sleepless
- 30 What is the title of Vol.



- 1 language

FOREIGN MARKETS & QUOTATIONS

BANKS

MONEY AND EXCHANGE

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

JULY 8, 1941.

On London:—	
Telegraphic Transfer 1/2 7/8	
Bank Bills, on demand 1/2 7/8	
Credits 4 months sight	
On Shanghai:—	
On demand 46 1/2	
On Singapore:—	
On demand 52 3/4	
On Japan:—	
On demand 102 1/4	
On India:—	
Telegraphic Transfer 82 1/2	
On demand 82 1/2	
On New York:—	
Bank Bills, on demand 24 1/4	
Credits 60 days sight 24 7/8	
On Batavia:—	
On demand 46 1/4	
On Paris:—	
Bank Bills, on demand Nom.	
Credits 4 months sight Nom.	
On Saigon:—	
On demand 104 1/2	
On Manila:—	
On demand 46 1/4	
On Bangkok:—	
On demand 149 1/2	
On Sterling Note:—	
Bank Buying Rate Nom.	
Mar Silver per oz. 23 3/8	

Market Report

FROM ROZA BROS.

Tuesday, July 8.
Ready Silver was unchanged yesterday at 23 3/8 but the Forward rate dropped 1/8 to 23 3/8. American Silver was quoted at 34 3/4 for Spot.
The London/New York cross rate was quoted at 402 1/2. New York/London was quoted at 403 1/2.

MARKET

Quiet.

STERLING

There were sellers at 1/3 up to September, buyers at 1/31/32 for any delivery.
U. S. DOLLARS
Quiet. There were sellers at 24 7/16 for near and forward, buyers at 24 1/2 for any delivery.

SHANGHAI DOLLARS
Opened with sellers at 46 1/2 and closed with small sellers at 46 1/2 for Spot buyers at 46 1/2 for Spot buyers at 46 1/2.

SHANGHAI MARKET
Quiet. Sterling sellers at 3 13/64 for Spot and U. S. Dollars at 5 7/32 for Spot.

AFTERNOON MARKET

Quiet.

STERLING

There were sellers at 1/3 up to September, buyers at 1/31/32 for any delivery.

U. S. DOLLARS

The market closed with small sellers at 24 7/16 for Cash, buyers at 24 1/2 for any delivery.

SHANGHAI DOLLARS
Opened this afternoon with sellers at 46 1/2. At the close there were sellers at 47 1/2.

SHANGHAI MARKET
Opened with sellers at 3 13/64 and closed easier at 3 3/16 for Spot. U. S. Dollars opened with sellers at 5 7/32 and closed easier at 5 3/16 for Spot.

Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, July 8 (Reuters).

Official T.T. Rates

	Opening	Closing
London	0/3-3/16	5-1/8
New York	21-3/4	17-5/8
India	21-1/8	nominal
Hongkong	21-1/8	nominal
Paris	nominal	nominal

Sterling

	Opening	Closing
Spot	0/3-13/64	0/3-13/64
July	0/3-13/64	0/3-13/64
Aug.	0/3-13/64	0/3-13/64
U.S. Dollars		
Spot	5-7/32	5-7/32
July	5-7/32	5-7/32
Aug.	5-7/32	5-7/32

Market—Quiet.
Silver Duty Rate
The Central Bank of China's rate on London at 10 a.m. today was 1/2-1/8.
The Equalisation rate was 24 per cent.

Calcutta Exchange
Calcutta, July 7 (Reuters).
T.T. on Japan, 81-1/2.

India Rupee Paper
Bombay, July 7 (Reuters).
Govt. 3 1/2, Rupee 36-0-0.

LONDON GOLD
London, July 7 (Reuters).
Set Gold, Fine per oz., 108 1/2.

N.Y. COMMODITY MARKET (REUTER'S SERVICE)

	Prev	High	Low	New York, July 7	Change
New York Cotton, Oct.	14.80	15.13	14.86	15.12	32 up
New York Rubber, Sept.	21.15b	21.15	21.10	21.15b	unch.
New York Hides, Sept.	14.20b	10.20	14.15	14.12b	.08 off
Chicago Wheat, Sept.	104 1/4	106 1/4	104 1/4	106 1/4	1 1/2 up
Chicago Corn, Sept.	75 1/2	76 1/2	75 1/2	76 1/2	1 1/2 up

N.Y. COTTON

	Closing	Range	Change
July	14.94	N	32 up
Oct.	15.12	13	32 up
Dec.	15.22	22	33 up
Jan.	15.20	N	30 up
Mar.	15.29	30	34 up
May	15.27	29	32 up
Saturday's sales:—	20,900	bales.	

N.Y. RUBBER

	Closing	Range	Change
Sept.	21.15b	20a	unch.
Dec.	21.10b	20a	unch.
Mar.	20.80	N	.05 off
Total sales:—	90 tons.		

NEW YORK HIDES

	Closing	Range	Change
Sept.	14.12b	20a	.08 off
Dec.	14.12b	20a	.10 off
Total sales:—	12 lots.		

CHICAGO WHEAT

	Closing	Range	Change
July	104 1/4	104 1/4	1 1/2 up
Sept.	106 1/4	106 1/4	1 1/2 up
Dec.	107 1/4	107 1/4	1 1/2 up
Saturday's sales:—	7,388,000	bushels.	

CHICAGO CORN

	Closing	Range	Change
July	73 1/4	N	1/2 up
Sept.	76 1/4	N	1/2 up
Dec.	78 1/4	78 1/4	1/2 up

NEW YORK LARD

	Closing	Range	Change
Sept.	10.65a	28	up
Dec.	10.65a	28	up

N.Y. BLACK PEPPER

	Closing	Range	Change
Sept.	5.57b	64a	22 up
Dec.	5.67b	75a	24 up

N.Y. COTTONSEED OIL

	Closing	Range	Change
Sept.	10.65b	68a	42 off
Dec.	10.64b	55	30 off

N.Y. SUGAR No. 3

	Closing	Range	Change
July	2.52b	54a	unch.
Sept.	2.54b	55a	unch.

N.Y. SUGAR No. 4

	Closing	Range	Change
Sept.	1.09b	09 1/4	.01 off
Dec.	1.09b	N	unch.

N.Y. Official Silver

	Closing	Range	Change
Sept.	34 3/4		
N.Y./London Cross Rate	403 1/2		

N.Y. COCOA

	Closing	Range	Change
Sept.	7.46	N	.08 off
Dec.	7.65	N	unch.

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Sept.	7.46	N	.08 off
Dec.	7.65	N	unch.

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	Closing	Range	Change
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Dec.	7.65	N	unch.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE (REUTER'S SERVICE)

London, July 7.

The following quotations are the middle prices at the close of the market in London. All quotations are subject to confirmation and no responsibility is assumed for errors in transmission.

£

War Loan, 3 1/2% (Red. after 1952) 105 1/4

Defence Loan, 3% 100-13/16

Canton-K'loon Ry. 5% 9

Chinese 4 1/2% Gold Loan 42

1898 (Brit. Issue) 42

Chinese 5% Gold Bonds 45

1925/27 45

Chin. 4 1/2% Anglo-French Loan 1906 42

Chinese 5% Crisp Loan 1912 27

Chinese 5% Reorg. Loan 1913 (Ldn. Is.) 36

Chinese 8% Ster. Notes 1925 (Vickers) 7-9

Chin. Imperial Ry. 5% Loan 51

Hanan Ry. 5% 1905 10

Hukuang Ry. 5% 1911 (L.P. N.Y. Issue) 14

Hukuang Ry. 5% 1911 (German Issue) 12

Lung Tshing & U. Hai Ry. 5%, 1913 9

S'hai-N'king Ry. 5% 14

Tientsin-Pukow Ry. 5% (Brit. Stpd.) 10

Tientsin-Pukow Ry. 5% (German Stpd.) 10

Tientsin-Pukow Ry. 5% (Brit. Stpd. Supl. Loan) 10

Tientsin-Pukow Ry. 5% (Ger. Stpd. Supl. Loan) 10

Jap. 6% Ster. Loan, 1924 34

Ger. 7% Int'l. Loan, 1924 44

Chartered Bank 8-13/16

H.K. & S'hai Banking Corp. (Ldn. Reg.) 77 1/2

H.K. & S'hai Banking Corp. (Col. Reg.) 82

Chinese Eng. & Mining (bearer) 12/8

Chosen Corporation 4/-

Mercantile Bank of India, £5, "C" 11

Pekin Syndicate 1/-

S'hai Elec. Constr. Co. 15/-

S'hai Waterworks "A" 15

Union Insurance 22

Guia Kalumpung Rubber 15

Lon. Mid. & Scot. Ry. 14

Great Western Ry. 36 1/2

National Bank of India B-A. Tob. (bearer) 83/14

Dunlop Rubber 34/-

Bristol Aeroplane 10/8

Imperial Chemical Ind. 32/3

United Steel 23/9

Woolworths 52/6 1/2

Marsman Investments 5/7 1/2

Western Holdings 13/8

Sub-Migrel 138/9

Shell Trans. & Trad. (bearer) 43/9

* bid. † ex div.

FEDERAL RESERVE RETURNS

New York, July 7 (Reuters).

June 24 July 1

Total Loans \$10,324,000 \$10,453,000

Investments 17,955,000 17,872,000

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

QUOTATION

(REUTER'S SERVICE)

JULY 8, 1941.

STOCKS	Last Sale	STOCKS	Last Sale
July 7	July 7	July 7	July 7
Adams Express	64	Johnsmanville	68
Allegheny Steel Co.	23 1/2	Kennecott Copper	38 1/2
Allis Chalmers	29 1/2	Libbey-Owens-Ford Glas...	30
Amer. Can	86 1/2	Lockheed Aircraft	26 1/2
American Cyanamid B. ...	39 1/2	Loew's Inc.	30 1/2
Amer. & Foreign Power ..	4	Martin, Glen L. Co.	29 1/2
Amer. & Foreign \$7 pf. ...	20 1/2	Montgomery Ward	34 1/2
Amer. Locomotive Co.	13 1/2	National Aviation	84
Amer. Metals	18 1/2	Nat. Dairy Products	13 1/2
Amer. Radiator	6 1/2	National Distillers	22 1/2
Amer. Rolling Mill	15	Nat. Power & Light	6 1/2
Amer. S'ing and R'ing Co. ...	42 1/2	National Supply Corp. ...	7 1/2
Amer. Sugar Refining	17	New York Central	12 1/2
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	158 1/2	Niagara Hudson Power ...	2 1/2
Amer. Tobacco "B"	71	N. American Aviation	14 1/2
Amer. Waterworks	4 1/2	North American Co. (New)	—
Anaconda Copper	24 1/2	Northern Pacific	6 1/2
Atchison, T. & S. Fe.	29 1/2	Packard Motors	24
Aviation Corp.	3 1/2	Paramount Pictures	11 1/2
Baldwin Locomotive Co. ...	16 1/2	Pennsylvania R.R.	24 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	3 1/2	Phillips Petroleum	43 1/2
Barnsdall Oil	9 1/2	Pullman Inc.	27 1/2
Bendix Aviation	39	Pure Oil	10 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	74 1/2	Radio Corp. of Am.	3 1/2
Bliss & Co., E.W. (com.) ...	18 1/2	Reading Company, Com...	17 1/2
Boeing Airplane Co.	17	Remington Arms Co., Inc.	4 1/2
Borg-Warner	18 1/2	Republic Aviation Corp. ...	3 1/2
Briggs Mfg. Co.	19 1/2	Republic Steel	20
Budd M'facturing Corp. ...	3 1/2	Reynold Tobac. "B"	32 1/2
Canadian Pacific	44 1/2	Schenley Distillers	12 1/2
Celanese Corp.	24	Shell Union Oil	14 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	3 1/2	Socony-Vacuum Oil	9 1/2
Chrysler	57	Southern Pacific	12
Columbia Gas & Elec.	24	Southern Ry \$5 pfd.	25 1/2
Commercial Credit Co. ...	24 1/2	Spicer Manufacturing Co. ...	35 1/2
Com. & Southern (Ord.) ...	1	Standard Brands	5 1/2
Consolidated Edison Co. ...	18 1/2	Standard Gas & Elec.	8
Consolidated Oil	6 1/2	Standard Oil of N.J.	42 1/2
Copperweld Steel	15 1/2	Studebaker Com.	5 1/2
Curtiss Wright (C.)	9 1/2	Swift International	19 1/2
Distillers Corp. (Seagrams)	15 1/2	Technicolor	9
Douglas Aircraft	73 1/2	Texas Corpn.	40 1/2
Du Pont de Nemours	158	Trans-America Co.	4 1/2
Eagle Picher Lead	7 1/2	20th Cent. Fox Film, Com.	5 1/2
Elec. Autolite Co.	28 1/2	Union Bag & Paper Corp.	11 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share	21	Union Pacific	82
Elec. Bond & Share \$5 pf.	53	United Aircraft	40 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share \$6 pf.	54	United Airlines Trans	10 1/2
Elec. Power & Light \$7 pf.	34 1/2	United Corpn.	1
Flintkote	15 1/2	United Corpn. \$3 cum pf.	23 1/2
Gen. Electric	33 1/2	United Gas Improvement ..	7
Gen. Motors	38	U.S. Rubber	23
Gen. Railway Signal	14 1/2	U.S. Steel	58 1/2
Gen. Tire & Rubber	111	Vanadium	25 1/2
Goodrich (B.F.)	138	Vultee Aircraft	6 1/2
Goodyear Tire & Rubber ...	17 1/2	Walworth Co.	4 1/2
Great Northern Iron Ore ...	162	Warner Bros. Pict.	3 1/2
Great Northern Ry. pfd. ...	27	Westinghouse Elec.	96
Great Western Sugar	27 1/2	Woodward Iron Cor.	27 1/2
Inter. Nickel	24 1/2	Chase National Bank	31 1/2
Inter. Paper & Power	16 1/2	National City Bank	27 1/2
Int. Tel. & Tel. (Fon. Is.)	20 1/2	Idahv. McNeil	—

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HEIAN MARU Monday, 14th July

NEW YORK via Japan & Panama

* NOTO MARU Saturday, 19th July

SOUTH AMERICA (WEST COAST) via Hilo & San

Francisco. (starts from Kobe)

* SANUKI MARU Middle of July

COLOMBO & MADRAS via Singapore

* HAKODATE MARU Monday, 4th Aug.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila.

HUSIMI MARU Monday, 1st Sept.

SAIGON

* MATUMOTO MARU Thursday, 17th July

BOMBAY via Singapore & Colombo.

HAKONE MARU Monday, 21st July

RANGOON & CALCUTTA via Singapore

* MATUMOTO MARU Thursday, 17th July

Kobe & YOKOHAMA

* NOTO MARU Saturday, 19th July

* NAGATO MARU Tuesday, 22nd July

NITTA MARU Monday, 28th July

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**Belgian Missionary Doctor
Killed In South Shansi**

CHUNGKING. (By Airmail).—Word has been received in Chungking Catholic circles that FATHER VINCENT DE PAUL MARTIN, 29-year-old Belgian Missionary doctor, was killed by Japanese shelling during the battle in the Chungtiao Mountain Range in south Shansi in May.

At the time of his death Father Martin was captain of the medical corps of a Chinese Division in south Shansi. Two of his best Chinese friends, DR. HSIAO CHI, superintendent of a Chinese field hospital, and the latter's sister, MISS HSIAO LING-YI, head nurse, and the majority of the 300 members in the medical corps, mostly Catholics, were killed at the same time.

In carrying out his duty Father Martin always went to the very front line. Several times he had met danger. Early in 1939 he and a number of co-workers were caught in the cross-fire of Japanese machine-guns. Thanks to a small mound which provided cover, they escaped unhurt.

A native of Namur where his father is still Director of the Public Health Department, Father Martin studied medicine at Louvain University for three years. Before he graduated, however, his interest shifted to religion and he took up theology in the same university.

LECTURE ON CHINA

While in the university, he heard the late Father Vincent Lebbe, naturalised Chinese citizen also of Belgian birth, lecture on China. He came so completely under the influence of Father Lebbe's selflessness and love for the Chinese that at the time of his ordination in 1936 he chose his mentor's first name Vincent as his own first name. Shortly afterwards he came to China and was assigned to Szechwan to work in the Catholic Church in Nanchung, north of Chungking along the Chialing River.

The outbreak of the Sino-Japanese war in 1937 found Father Martin industrially studying the Chinese language and learning the Chinese way of living. For he had decided to relinquish his Belgian nationality in favour of Chinese citizenship.

Father Martin left the Nanchung monastery in November, 1938, to join the North China War Area Service Corps under Father Lebbe who then had his headquarters in the Chungtiao Mountain Range. In February the following year he was appointed leader of the medical corps of a Chinese Division.

Last autumn Father Martin fell sick. When General Ho Ying-chin heard of his sickness, he ordered the commander of the Division to which Father Martin was attached to release him for cure and recuperation in Chungking. The sick man, however, wired back: "I won't leave Chungtiao until victory is won."

PERSONALLY LED MEN

In every battle Father Martin led his men to the firing line to rescue the wounded. One night he saved the lives of 69 wounded soldiers whom he and his men carried back from the blood-soaked field under enemy fire. Once he was short of medical supplies. He cabled to his father and two brothers, all medical practitioners in Namur. A few months later \$30,000 worth of medicine and other supplies were delivered to him.

In May, 1940, news of the death of his younger brother, Dr. Pierre Martin, was received in Chungking. The latter was then serving in the Belgian Army medical service and fell under German fire. The news was withheld from Father Martin for fear that it might cause too much grief. As a matter of fact, he was never told of it up to the time of his own death.

**CHUNGKING HAS
AIR RAID****Press Hostel Target
Of Raiders**

CHUNGKING, July 8 (Reuter).—Chungking's observance of the fourth anniversary of the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese hostilities was interrupted yesterday morning by a raid by 27 Japanese aircraft which heavily bombed the western suburbs.

The main target was the much-bombed Press Hostel compound. Several big bombs landed in the vicinity of the Hostel where foreign correspondents were staying.

Chungking was beflagged. All Government offices worked as usual while amusement places, contrary to previous years, remained open but presented programmes.

This raid followed one on Sunday evening in which 23 planes attacked in three waves also concentrating on the compound of the Press Hostel.

U.S. SHIPBUILDING

WASHINGTON, July 8 (Reuter).

The Navy Department has asked Congress to appropriate an additional \$585,000,000 to augment its shipbuilding programme of which \$160,000,000 would be for increased repairing facilities.

All craft are warned to give a wide berth to a marking sampan approximately 240 yards west of the southern end of the Oiling Jetty at the Naval Camber, Kowloon.

A junk is reported sunk in the above position and is marked by a sampan showing a green flag and by night a green light over a white light.

All craft are warned that the marking sampan shows the position of the sunken junk only approximately and are warned to give the sampan a wide berth.

undergoing repairs. Two Soviet representatives of the shipping interests in Shanghai have not yet received final instructions regarding the three ships, it was stated.

**SOVIET SHIPS MAY
CEASE CALLING
AT SHANGHAI**

Reports appearing in the leading Chinese dailies in Shanghai indicate that the plan to put several ships on regular runs between Shanghai and Vladivostok has been dropped by the interested parties, reports the North China Daily News.

It is asserted that no ships will arrive here from Vladivostok, while the Hung Yung Navigation Bureau, Shanghai representatives of Soviet shipping interests, are reported by the "Central China Daily News" to have stopped all business in connexion with the contemplated enterprise. Shipping communication with Soviet Russia will hereafter have to be done via other routes. It is stated.

OPTIMISTIC NOTE

It will be recalled in this connexion that recently the Chinese press struck an optimistic note regarding shipping business in the Far East, asserting that despite the war shipping services will be maintained by Soviet and American interests.

Four Soviet ships were then said to have arrived in Shanghai to start the Shanghai-Vladivostok run, but yesterday the press reported that the Korva, one of the four ships, hurriedly left Pootung on Monday for Vladivostok carrying old rubber and tea. Prior to its departure news about the Russo-German conflict had been received.

AWAITING ORDERS

Regarding the position of the other three Soviet ships, the Central Press Service reported that their movements are difficult to forecast. It was said that they might stay here indefinitely. They are now in a dockyard in Pootung

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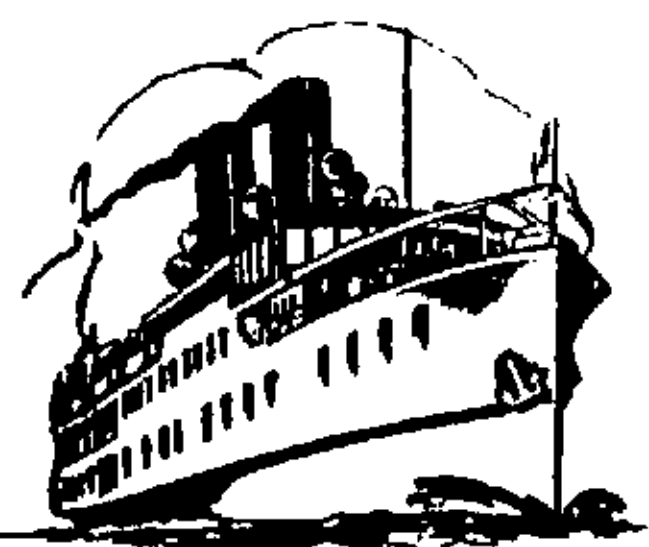
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CONSIGNEES' NOTICES

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

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THE S.S. "

From LONDON AND STRAITS

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company, Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 11th July, 1941, will be subject to rent. All Claims against the vessel must be presented to the undersigned on or before 26th July, 1941, or they will not be recognised.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined. All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 9th July, 1941, at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by W. R. LOXLEY & Co. (CHINA) LTD. Agents, Hong Kong, 6th July, 1941.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

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Options goods have been landed here unless instructions were given to the contrary Six Hours before arrival of the steamer.

Goods not cleared within 8 days including date of arrival will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance has or will be effected by us in any case whatever. Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees, and the Company's surveyors, Messrs. GODDARD & DOUGLAS, at 10 a.m. on Monday and Thursday, within the Free Storage period.

Consignees are specially notified that it is necessary for a Revenue Officer to be present at the examination of damaged dutiable cargo.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before 28th July, 1941, or they will not be recognised.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown, MAOKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents, Hong Kong, 7th July, 1941.

ST. ANDREW'S FELLOWSHIP

Hold First Annual Meeting

The first annual meeting of St. Andrew's Fellowship was held yesterday evening in St. Andrew's Church Hall, the Acting Vicar, the Rev. H. A. Wittenbach, taking the Chair.

Presenting the first annual report of the Fellowship, the Hon. Secretary, Mr. Gordon Gardiner, recalled the circumstances of its inauguration and gave a detailed account of the year's activities.

AN EARLY FRIEND

An early friend of the new club was Mrs. J. P. Robinson, who did much towards the furnishings of the Club Rooms.

Membership had never been very large though at times it exceeded the 40 mark.

Concluding the report, Mr. Gardiner said that the Fellowship could set out with a plan to help wage war on the terrible social conditions existing in the Colony and could give its attention to more participation by its members in active work for the Church.

NEW OFFICERS

The election of officers for the coming year followed the Hon. Secretary's report and the proceedings were concluded with a dinner.

Officers elected were:

The Rev. J. R. Higgs, President, Rev. H. A. Wittenbach, Acting President; R. Baldwin, Vice-President; A. C. Jeffreys, Chairman; Lt. H. Dibb, Vice-Chairman; Mrs. C. M. Bird, Hon. Treasurer; H. Holden, Hon. Secretary.

Committee:—Mrs. E. Low, Miss W. Robinson, J. Moulton, J. Funnell and C. Holmes.

Hon. Librarian, D. Passmore; Conveners of Sub-Committees:—House Committee, Mrs. Bird; Entertainment, Mrs. Low; Sports, Holmes; A.D.C., Dibb.

PERU-ECUADOR HOSTILITIES

MR. WELLES QUOTES SPANISH PROVERB

WASHINGTON, July 8 (Reuter).—Mr. Sumner Welles, at the Press conference yesterday, said that he was sure that the United States and all other American Republics were anxious to help halt the Peru-Ecuador hostilities.

Asked whether the United States Government had received any reports indicating "outside influences" provoking the Peru-Ecuadorian clashes, Mr. Welles replied by quoting an old Spanish proverb: "Very often in muddy waters fishing is good."

Mr. Welles said that incidents of this kind were a matter of profound regret to the United States Government.

NO BOMBS ON U.K.

LONDON, July 8 (Reuter).—A single enemy aircraft flew inland for a short distance over north-west England yesterday afternoon.

"This," says an Air Ministry communique, "is the only hostile activity reported over this country up to 6 p.m. and there are no reports of any bombs having been dropped."

WHAT INDIAN STATES HAVE PROVIDED FOR SERVICE UNDER CROWN

SIMLA, July 8 (Reuter).—It is announced that Indian States have provided for service under the Crown for the 12 months ended April, 1941, four regiments of cavalry, five batteries and one section of artillery, four companies and one section of sappers and miners, 23 battalions of infantry, one camel corps unit, three companies of animal transport, also 11 general purposes transport companies, two labour companies and three ambulance units, besides 173 signallers.

Among the States units which have gone overseas, the Jammu and Kashmir mountain battery has already distinguished itself in the fighting in East Africa.

Signals Lance Naik Qabala Singh was awarded the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

R.I.N. HISTORY

At the launching of the trawler Travancore, Vice-Admiral H. Fitz-Herbert spoke of the new and important stage in the history of the Royal Indian Navy. The first ship to enter the port of Madras, after its capture by the British, was a unit of the Royal Indian Navy, he added.

CONNIVANCE ALLEGED: FALSE INFORMATION ON EXPORT LICENCE

Clerk Of Controller Of Trade Office Charged

Allegations that for some time that part of the Defence Regulations requiring permits for the exportation of certain goods had been evaded and that such evasion was carried out with the connivance of some of those employed at the Imports and Exports Office were made before Mr. G. T. Lowry at the Central Magistracy yesterday, when four persons were charged with having submitted to the Controller of Trade, on June 6, an export licence containing false information.

Defendants were CHAN SAI-KIT, 70, permit writer, of No. 28, First Street, TSANG WAI-MING, 22, translator, of No. 17, Temple Street, WONG WUN-MUN, 19, fook, and NG CHIK-TONG, 20, clerk of the Controller of Trade Office.

Mr. F. W. Shaftain, A.D.C.I. (Crime), assisted by Mr. D. C. W. Fitches, Superintendent of Mails, and Det.-Sgt. A. N. Cochrane, conducted the prosecution, while the first three defendants were represented by Mr. M. A. da Silva.

Mr. Shaftain said that for some time, there was reason to believe that the regulation had been evaded and such evasion was carried out with the connivance of some of those employed at the Imports and Exports Office.

Since export permits had to be filled up in English, agencies sprang up immediately after the regulation was brought into effect as those of the Immigration Office.

One of such agencies was the Chan Wah Mel Company, of which first defendant was the head and second and third defendants his fooks.

INDEED DIFFICULT

On June 5, a Chinese sub-inspector acting on instructions went to the premises, where he met and told first defendant that he had a parcel of gall nuts to be sent to Shanghai and that he had met with troubles in doing so. First defendant agreed that it was indeed difficult.

Gall nuts, according to Mr. Shaftain, were used as medicine for making dyes and also for making explosives, for which reason they were banned for exportation without a necessary permit.

After some talking, first defendant eventually agreed to undertake the job at a cost of \$35. Of this money, he revealed that \$30 would go to some higher authorities, while he himself received \$5. He added that any further consignments from the sub-inspector would cost him only \$3 per picul.

The Police officer said that since he did not know at first that it cost so much he had to go back to consult his partner.

MARKED NOTES

The sub-inspector then reported the matter to Mr. Shaftain and Mr. Fitches. He was given three \$10 notes and one \$5 note, all marked, and a wrapped parcel of the nut.

The following day, the sub-inspector returned to first defendant and handed the parcel to him, saying that it must be rushed off that day. First defendant then asked for an extra \$5, giving the reason that he had to take a car to the I. and E. Office.

Meanwhile, a Chinese detective standing outside the shop saw first

defendant give a slip of paper to a small boy, who later was seen to go to the Post Office Building, where the I. and E. Office was located. As the boy was coming out of the G.P.O., he was arrested with a piece of paper in his hands. The paper contained the writing: "Chinese medicine, 'Man Kap,'" and Mr. Shaftain said that these words were in the handwriting of fourth defendant.

Mr. Shaftain said that he understood, and was going to prove, that the usual translation for gall nut was "Ng Pui Chi." "Man Kap" was only known in Kwangsi and was very rarely used elsewhere.

WOULD BE PASSED

The translation, according to Mr. Shaftain, was aimed to evade the observation of the Controller of Trade. "Man Kap" would be passed, but "Ng Pui Chi," which was the acknowledged term for gall nut, would not be.

Subsequently, Sgt. Cochrane, with a party of Police, went to the premises of first defendant, followed in a short time later by Mr. Fitches. The marked notes were found on first defendant's person. Hearing was adjourned to this afternoon.

REVOLVERS IN BOARDING HOUSE

Man Committed For Trial

Chan Wan-cheung was committed for trial at the next Criminal Sessions by Mr. S. F. Balfour at the District Office, South, yesterday on a charge of possession of two .32 revolvers and 12 rounds of .32 revolver ammunition at the Wah Nam Boarding House, Tai O, on June 18.

Acting Sub-Ins. A. F. Estall stated that no information Sgt. Galvin, Officer-in-Charge of Tai O Police Station, proceeded to the boarding house, accompanied by Sgt. J. Rees.

The two revolvers were found concealed under a blanket at the head of the bed.

Sgt. D. A. Pockson, Police Armorer, testified that the revolvers were in a serviceable condition. After evidence by Sgt. Rees, defendant, in a statement from the dock, said, "One of the revolvers is mine. I did not know the Hong-kong regulations. I ask your Worship to deal with me leniently."

Formidable Army Built Up In Java

The organisation of the N.E.I.S. second army, that of the Local Defence Volunteers and the Home Guard, has now been completed in Java.

According to the Preanger Bode, Gen. Peersan will be appointed head of a new section of the War Department for the L.D.V. and the Home Guard and so, in effect, will be Commander-in-Chief of these new forces.

Gen. Peersan has just returned to Bandung after a lengthy inspection throughout Java. Everywhere his plans for Home Guards in the country and for L.D.V. in the cities met with enthusiastic co-operation. Europeans, Chinese and Indonesians are offering their wholehearted support everywhere. A formidable army has thus been organised in Java.

Organisation is now being begun in the Outer Possessions and Dr. Dramer, chairman of the committee in question, and Gen. Peersan have already left for Palembang for this purpose. Borneo and Celebes will shortly be given their turn.

FOREIGN MAILS

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, 9th JULY, 1941.

Air Mail Service by British Overseas Airways Corporation to East & South Africa, United Kingdom and beyond has now been resumed.

The public are reminded that it is a breach of postal regulations to enclose in a postal cover communications intended for persons other than the addressee.

The Printed Matter Service to the following places in China is temporarily suspended:—

Yunnan
Szechuen
Kweichow
Hunan
Fukien (except Amoy and Kulansu)
Kwangsi
North and East of Kwangtung.

Small Packet Post to all countries is suspended.

INWARD AIR MAILS

From	Due
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 8th July.	15th July
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 22nd July.	29th July

OUTWARD AIR MAILS

For	Date and Time
MONDAY	
Air Mail by Air to Rangoon to connect with the "British Overseas Airways"	Mon. 14th July K.P.O. Reg. 4.00 PM Ord. 4.30 PM
TUESDAY	
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu, U.S.A. and Europe via "Pan-American Airways and Trans-Atlantic Services"	Tue. 15th July K.P.O. Reg. 8.00 PM Ord. 8.30 PM
TUESDAY	
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu, U.S.A. and Europe via "Pan-American Airways and Trans-Atlantic Services"	Tue. 29th July K.P.O. Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 5.30 PM

THE PLOUGHS DELIVERED

Ploughs made to a special design for Turkey were among the agricultural implements sent out from Great Britain overseas last year. South Africa, and particularly Rhodesia, had a wide range of higher class manufactures. Burma, India and Egypt took cheaper wares.

Cultivators of the latter countries were actually using, a century and a half ago, ploughs identical with those handled by their ancestors two thousand years before. It was Britain who introduced to these and other lands of primitive agriculture the first light (32 lb.) steelsharred ploughs. The makers, catering for the poorest of native cultivators, made as well disc ploughs weighing 34 tons.

Many British makers have been supplying overseas markets for close on two centuries. They have been able to keep steadily going since the war because of the accumulation of raw material which they had the foresight to put aside. The result was that they could send abroad during 1940 more than £1,000,000 worth of ploughs and other agricultural implements and machinery such as threshers (£20,000 worth), air and gas compressors (£28,000) and tractors (£300,000).

MEXICO CANCELS ARMY LEAVE

LONDON, July 8 (Reuter).—All military leave is cancelled in Mexico, says a dispatch from Mexico City to the Independent French Agency.

The move caused a sensation in Mexico where it came as a great surprise. It is thought it may be preliminary to a general mobilisation.

WATER-POLO RESULTS

In the European Y. M. C. A. Invitation water-polo tournament, in the Army pool yesterday, Royal Scots "A" defeated Navy "C" by 5-2.

Combined Small Units gained a decisive victory over Royal Scots "B" by 6-1.

Allen was really outstanding in the match between the Royal Corps of Signals and 8th R. A. when he scored four of the five goals chalked up for the former.

TEAMS FOR SATURDAY

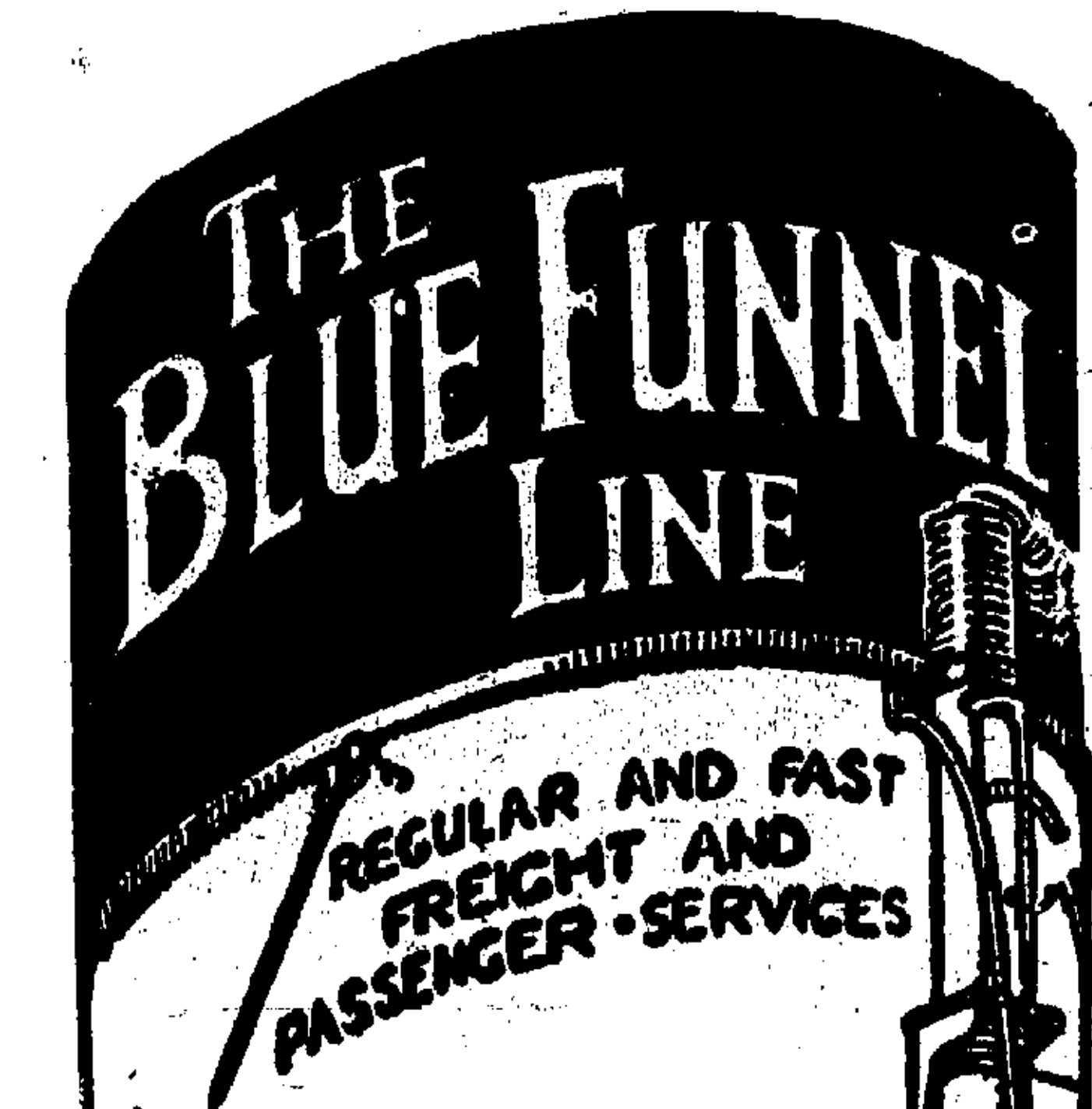
The following teams have been chosen for the water-polo match at the A. N. S. and V. D. A. gala on Saturday:—

ARMY: Bennett, Miller and Hunt; Bedford; McNulty, McDonald and Dignan.

NAVY AND Y. M. C. A.: Wood (Navy); Benn and Radford; Lay; Rutter (Navy); R. Goldman and Paul (Navy).

Referee—Mr. Willis.

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